The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXX. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1907. NO. 45.

OFFICIAL VOTE IN CENTRE CO., NOV. 5, 1907.

DISTRICTS	State Treas. '07			Proth.		District Att'y		County Surveyor	
	Sheatz, Rep.	Harman, Dem.	Stevenson, Pro.	Schenck, Rep.	Kimport, Dem.	Chambers, Rep	Runkle, Dem.	Pletcher, Rep.	Wetzel, Dem.
Bellefonte, N W	166	139	9	86	232	152	164	134	189
Bellefonte S W	123	164	8	78	218	93	201	104	189
Bellefonte, W W	61	75	4	53	90	54	87	64	77
Centre Hall	20	76	4	16	81	21	77	22	75
Howard	99	36	6	96	43	91	51	108	28
Milesburg	54	40	5	51	47	50	49	68	29
Millheim	17	89	1	17	90	16	91	17	90
Philipsburg, 1st W	68	47	19	48	82	57	73	82	47
Philipsburg, 2d W	123	76	13	114	92	123	84	132	73
Philipsburg, 3d W	72	38	14	71	51	75	51	83	41
Snow Shoe	52	52	2	46	60	45	61	48	57
South Philipsburg	26	15	14	24	28	22	32	29	21
State College	86	76	4	67	97	76	89	91	74
Unionville	38	25	8	32	33	30	36	41	23
Benner, N P	23	44		24	42	21	48	25	40
Benner, S	39	29	2	33	36	28	42	38	31
Boggs, N	29	22	1	24	28	18	35	32	21
Boggs, E	42	24	2	44	26	41	29	48	21
Boggs, W	65	56	9	73	57	58	72	77	54
Burnside	24	16		26	15	26	15	26	15
College	88	44	40	74	89	94	68	104	56
Curtin, N	16	5		14	7	11	10	14	7
Curtin, S	38	28		47	21	29	39	44	24
Ferguson, E	56	96	3	46	113	59	94	60	95
Ferguson, W	51	39		53	39	53	39	54	38
Gregg, N	0	46	1	1	43	2	40	6	37
Gregg, E	19	73		18	73	18	73	18	73
Gregg, W	44	92	9	45	97	42	103	51	92
Haines, E	22	51	4	22	53	20	56	24	52
Haines, W	38	72	3	37	73	39	73	38	73
Halfmoon	55	24	1	52	26	54	23	61	17
Harris	40	90	3	20	107	41	87	41	84
Howard	57	36	2	67	30	59	37	70	26
Huston	58	46	3	59	46	58	48	61	45
Liberty, E	85	37	2	85	38	81	40	90	32
Liberty, W	8	3		8	4	4	9	8	5
Marion	35	53	1	50	42	40	51	47	45
Miles, E	5	35		7	33	3	37	6	34
Miles, M	29	81	7	30	83	31	83	30	85
Miles, W	7	46	1	4	49	6	48	6	48
Patton	93	52	2	67	81	61	87	91	56
Penn	26	114	6	23	123	34	108	26	119
Potter N	22	65	2	18	71	26	62	22	67
Potter, S	29	60		27	63	25	63	30	60
Potter W	11	74	3	6	81	11	75	10	77
Rush, N	35	37	10	33	45	36	42	39	36
Rush, E	17	10		16	10	11	15	16	10
Rush, S	76	26	4	69	37	65	40	77	30
Snow Shoe E	58	28	1	60	27	47	39	62	25
Snow Shoe W	21	38	2	25	38	18	45	25	38
Spring, N	56	59		46	66	40	73	57	54
Spring, S	97	93	2	91	103	94	98	103	89
Spring, W	56	53	2	57	53	50	60	65	49
Taylor	54	11	3	41	27	62	6	48	19
Union	67	31	5	61	37	57	42	67	31
Walker E	31	43	2	35	41	30	47	36	40
Walker M	18	66		21	67	24	64	24	63
Walker, W	12	55		15	54	18	51	20	49
Worth	86	42	4	82	46	79	51	91	38
TOTAL	2843	3093	253	2555	3583	2629	3513	3011	3113
Majorities		250			1028		884		102

Lewisburg voted against the $10,000 bond issue.

One thing for Colonel Chambers to be glad for is that the defeat doesn't debar him from wearing the title of Colonel. That would have been a calamity.

The next time President Roosevelt goes about naming Republican candidates for the office of mayor, he'll omit pitting them against men of the type of Tom Johnson.

Centre county Democratic politicians will have something to be thankful for when gathering around the board on Thanksgiving day. If it wasn't a Democratic victory the party gets the fruits.

Possibly there is no valid reason why a citizen of the United States should not attend every election and show his preference for candidates, but if the election day came in December it might take away from the rural voters the excuse of being "too busy."

For the best interests of the party it might be well to refrain from making faces at south side Democrats even if a couple hundred of them did remain away from the polls because they preferred to give the time to their personal needs rather than put themselves on record as opposed to the capitol grafters, because if you want to find a voter saturated with the unadulterated Democratic principles, you'll have to come here to find him. What is more, when he goes to the polls he votes straight. No more need be said.

Trial List.

Following is the trial list for the next term of court which opens Monday, December 2nd:

FIRST WEEK.

John Williamson vs. Edward Hughes.

Knopff Bros. and Brazor vs. Chas. Bilger.

Thomas Boal vs. W. H. Moyer.

Joseph Bros. vs. Lewis Rosenthal.

Hannah Gummo vs. Geo. Gummo.

SECOND WEEK.

Frank Samuel vs. Bellefonte Furnace Co.

Burdine Butler vs. W. and J. L. Heaton.

Mary Kein vs. Boro. of Philipsburg.

A. W. Gardner vs. Burdine Butler.

See the Christmas cards. Buy in time.

A PARTISAN PRESIDENT.

Roosevelt the First President to Lose All Sense of Official Propriety.

Theodore Roosevelt is the first President of the United States whose taste and sense of official propriety have led him to issue a proclamation expressing his "extreme delight" over the results of an election of the people. There have been most exciting political contests at various epochs, but no former President has so lowered the dignity of his position as to convert the Chief Magistracy of the nation into the mere headship of party. He has made himself the organ not even of the Republican party, but of a faction of the party. From his party is excluded that large conservative Republican element (the "reactionaries") that make little concealment of its hostility to his policy of imperial centralization and to his scheme to tax the value out of the incomes of the "malefactors of great wealth," the better to seduce and subjugate the poor and needy.

What was the electoral occasion for President Roosevelt's descent into the lowest rank of a partisan? In one State the people have voted for liquor prohibition and in another against this system of sumptuary legislation. Philadelphia and, through Philadelphia, the State of Pennsylvania, has given an overwhelming majority in favor of what a distinguished member of Roosevelt's cabinet has denounced as a "corrupt and criminal combination masquerading in the name of Republican." San Francisco, on the other hand, has gloriously overthrown a like combination of spoilsmen, while the people of the foremost city of Ohio have signally repulsed the attempt of this President to interfere with their choice of a Mayor. In this confusion of popular tones at the ballot-box it is rather difficult to conceive the cause of his "extreme delight" over the result. The only thing that is made clear by his proclamation is his exposure as an intermeddler and a partisan incapable of comprehending the true spirit of the great nation over which he temporarily presides.

Christmas Cards.

A beautiful and varied collection of embossed and colored Christmas cards are now on hand at this office. Price five cents each, when sold singly. Six cards, no two alike, twenty cents; twelve cards, no two alike, thirty cents. These cards will be sent postage prepaid to any address. Home view cards, all different, twelve for forty cents.

DIDN'T KNOW IT WAS LOADED.

Credit Is a Delicate Plant, and the President's Speeches Were Calculated to Blight It.

There are various outgivings from Washington to the effect that the President will tone down his message to avert further excitement, and that he is astonished that his speeches should have had an injurious effect, and is disposed to think the results due to misrepresentations by the "yellow press" of what he said. All of which shows a pitiable incapacity on his part to understand the effect of his own words. His speeches were loaded, and he seems to have been unconscious of the fact and quite unable to understand the results.

It is true that the President has qualified all his incendiary remarks. But it has been repeatedly pointed out that the qualification does not make much impression on the public mind. He has said there were good corporations, but no intelligent observer can deny that the general effect of his speeches upon the public mind was to create the impression that he regarded most of the corporations as lawless, and that he intended to crush them. His remark about "malefactors of great wealth" was universally accepted, and very naturally so, as a declaration of war upon the managers of the great commercial enterprises. His proposed income and inheritance taxes and his suggestion for taxing fortunes above a certain point—or, rather, an uncertain one—100 per cent. (which means confiscation), all led people to look for legislative attacks upon property. His demand for the Federal regulation of interstate corporations sounded to "the man on the street" not only like a dangerous centralism, but like a purpose to interfere with all private business.

The Department of Justice can prosecute every lawbreaking individual and corporation without causing a tremor in the marts of trade. But credit is a delicate plant, and the President's speeches were calculated to blight it. He ought to have known it. If he did not, he ought to have accepted the abundant warnings he has had since his speech in York a year ago. Most of Mr. Roosevelt's speeches ought never to have been made. His voice is a public calamity, like floods and fires and early frosts. His breath is as withering as a sirocco.

Card of Thanks.

The husband and parents of Mrs. Elwood Brooks wish to thank their neighbors and friends for their kindness during their late bereavement. ***

Missionary Meeting.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary society of the Lutheran congregation, at Tusseyville, will hold their annual Thank-offering service Sunday evening, the 17th, at 7 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

Thrice-a-Week World, 65c.

The Thrice-a-Week New York World will be mailed all Centre Reporter subscribers for sixty-five cents, paid in advance. The World will be discontinued every year upon expiration of subscription.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Mary Bell Tweed, et. bar., to J. B. Harris, Oct. 25, 1907; 125 acres in Walker twp. $3590.

Alfred M. Lee, et. ux., to Geo. C. Wagner, et. al., Oct. 30 acres in Philipsburg. $11,000.

John F. Wineland, et. ux., to Alfred M. Lee, Oct. 30, 1907; 30 acres in Philipsburg. $11,000.

Alice Brisbin, et. bar., to Wm. C. Hubler, Oct. 30, 1907; premises in Centre Hall. $750.

W. H. Weaver, et. ux., to H. J. Gerbrick, Oct. 26, 1907; ¼ acre in Walker twp. $125.

Samuel Homer, to Lizzie C. Richards, Feb. 27, 1906; lot in Huston twp. $175.

G. C. Irish, et. ux., to May Ida Hartsock, Oct. 24, 1907; lot in Philipsburg. $140.

E. M. Greist, trustee to G. C. Irish, Oct. 24, 1907; lot in Philipsburg. $140.

Susanna Hermon, et. al., to John W. Stewart, Sept. 20, 1907; 30 acres, 20 perches in College twp. $2485.

J. T. Lucas, et. ux., to Samuel Hipple, July 15, 1907; lot in Moshannon. $65.

W. J. Haagin, et. ux., to Howard Brick Co., Nov. 2, 1907; premises in Howard twp. $9000.

The Tyrone Council has passed an anti-spitting ordinance. It provides a penalty of from $1 to $5 for spitting on any side walk, street car, theatre or any public place. Such an ordinace should be passed and enforced in every borough. The spitter may proclaim his rights to spit, but he has no right to spit where it is distasteful to the public.

A telegram goes on tick when it is sent collect.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Paragraphs Picked from Exchanges of Interest to Reporter Readers.

Millheim Journal—

Mrs. Adam Bowersox, of Seanor, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Maize Tuesday.

Mrs. Julia A. Deininger, after spending the summer and fall in Mifflinburg, returned to her home in this place last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. B. Hartman spent part of the past week visiting their daughter, Mrs. Wm. Swarm, at Wilkes-Barre.

J. E. Mason, of Lock Haven, was a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Ulrich Thursday night and Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Homan, of Centre Hall, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Stover, of near Millheim.

Mrs. Reily Bower and children, of Jersey Shore, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Bower's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Smith, on Penn street.

Mrs. Lottie Hunter, of Dallas, Luzerne county, and brother, Eugene Wilson, of Whetham, are visiting their grandfather, Jacob Emerick.

W. A. Auman, of Greenbriar, who has been working at Kilmer, arrived home Saturday to spend a week or two with his family, prior to going to work on a lumber job in West Virginia.

Democratic Watchman—

N. B. Spangler, Esq., of Bellefonte, and Jack Nason, of Julian, have secured the timber rights on hundreds of acres of land along the foothills of the Alleghenies. The tract extends from Julian to Port Matilda and from the Bald Eagle Valley railroad almost six miles north. It is their purpose to start operations in the near future and take off all the timber thereon.

The McCoy & Linn Iron company bought the Gatesburg ore mines from the Nittany Iron company and now have a force of men at work getting the same in shape for immediate operation. The Nittany Valley ore has a reputation all its own for making the best pig metal on the market, even when run through a coke furnace, but when the metal made from the Nittany ore is a product of a charcoal furnace its superiority can readily be told.

Bellefonte Daily News—

The Chemical Lime Company started their kilns by having Robert Walker and Harry Olewine light the fires. Inside of a week the entire plant will be in full operation. Nearly one hundred men are employed now at these works and before long many more men will be employed.

LOCALS.

The Schoolship Saratoga was sold by the Navy Department to a Boston firm for $3210.

Photographer W. W. Smith comes to the rader this week with a new adv. Read it over.

Farmers are getting along pretty well with the corn, and occasionally one has completed husking. The quality of the crop is not better than anticipated.

Interstate Commerce Commissions report shows that during the year which ended June 30 last, 5000 persons were killed and 76,286 injured in railroad casualties.

The apple crop in Penns Valley is pretty well cleaned up, and was sold at an average of about fifty-five cents for winter varieties, and thirty cents per hundred for windfall.

Mrs. Nancy A. Summerson, of First Forks, is now in Sumrall, Mississippi, where she will spend the winter with her daughter. Mrs. Summerson was formerly from Centre Hall.

In putting up the cable at the Bell telephone exchange, Andrew Gregg was unfortunate enough to receive a cut on the arm. The wound was dressed by Dr. P. H. Dale.

Elmer Horner had the good luck to kill a wild turkey hen at McBride's Gap. The weight of the bird was eight pounds. James Dubbs also killed a turkey in the vicinity of Robinson's stave mill.

It is a girl that came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Martz, Jr., in Centre Hall, a few days ago. The youngster has a little brother, this being baby No. 2 in the Martz home, but not a number two baby.

Twenty dollars fine was imposed on James Miller, who lives near Nittany Furnace, for placing a fish basket in an illegal manner. Fish Warden Shannon caused the arrest, and 'Squire Keichline did the rest. Miller claimed ignorance of the law, but was obliged to pay the fine.

Dr. John Riter, who was hurt in a runaway several weeks ago and afterwards sent to the hospital at Lock Haven, has been discharged from that institution and is now at the Clinton house in that city, very much improved and able, with the aid of crutches, to get around.

"BEN-HUR" IN ALTOONA.

Many Will Attend the Religious Play in the New Mishler Theatre Next Week.

Keen interest is centered in the staging of "Ben-Hur" at the New Mishler Theatre, Altoona, next week. The announcement that it is to fill the entire week of November 18th to 23rd with special matinee performances on Wednesday and Saturday, establishes the claim that it is to be as elaborately presented as at the Nixon Theatre, Pittsburg, the Chestnut Street Opera House, Philadelphia, or the Broadway Theatre, New York City. There has never been but one company interpreting "Ben-Hur," so theatregoers will have the pleasure of seeing many of the original cast that made the mighty religio-historic romance the unparalleled success of the century.

"Ben-Hur" appeals to all classes, all ages and all denominations of the Christian faith, and draws to it, as to a place of worship, hundreds of thousands who seldom, if ever, set foot within a theatre. The person of the Saviour is never made to appear bodily in the play, yet in the scene in which the healing of the lepers is implied the approach of the Master is indicated by a stream of pure white light, amazing in its effectiveness. This scene is the most remarkable of the play and is heightened in impressiveness by the singing of a chorus of one hundred voices, joining in "Hosannas" of praise to the Lord.

Seats for the "Ben-Hur" season will be placed on sale Thursday, November 14. Prices will range from 50 cents to $2 00. Mail orders if accompanied by remittance will receive prompt attention, as I. C. Mishler, manager of the New Mishler Theatre at Altoona, is desirous of favoring out of town patronage.

Al. Bradford Recovering.

After an operation Saturday for appendicitis at the German Hospital, Philadelphia, Albert Bradford, of Huntingdon, is improving and there are all hopes for his recovery. Mr. Bradford was taken violently ill at his home four days previous to Saturday, and a message to Centre Hall took to his bedside his father, George W. Bradford. Friday evening the father accompanied the son to the city, where arrangements were made for the operation. Sunday morning William Bradford, of near Centre Hall, also went to the city to render whatever assistance he could.

Answering the Question.

The Reporter was asked to state through its columns whether or not it is a violation of the law to publish the names of the persons who sign a liquor license. The editor is not a lawyer and makes no pretense to quote law on the subject, but has this to say: If the names of persons who sign an application are sent to this office by a responsible person, and request is made that they be published as a paid advertisement, space will be given for them.

Rev. Gress' Mother Dead.

Tuesday morning Rev. Daniel Gress received a message that his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Gress, had died that morning at four o'clock at the home of her daughter in South Greensburg. Her age was seventy years.

The same morning Rev. Gress took the train for western Pennsylvania, and will remain until after the funeral, which at this writing had not been arranged for.

Lucas-Harris.

The marriage of Edward J. Lucas and Miss Mollie Harris, both of Philadelphia, was solemnized November 7th. Mr. Lucas is a son of W. H. Lucas, of near Centre Hill, and has been in Philadelphia for a number of years. Success and happiness to the young couple.

The Hooven Mercantile Co. Dividend No. 68

The directors of The Hooven Mercantile Co. have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the Preferred stock and 1 per cent. on the Common stock, payable on December 1st to stockholders of record November 16th.

Keith's Theatre.

This is a grand anniversary week at Keith's Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, and there are many special features on the bill. To begin with is Bransby Williams, who is a London favorite and is making his first appearance on this side the water in Charles Dickens' characters. This is also the second and last week of the magnificent art series by Jean Marcel. McMahon's Minstrel Maids and Watermelon Girls are playing a welcome return, while the Picchiani Troupe of acrobats are making a great sensation in a whirlwind novelty. Scheduled as an added attraction is the great American military sensation, "Our Boys in Blue." Many other humorous features and acrobatic novelties are being given.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

The deer season opens Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Swartz have returned from their wedding tour.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Wood, of Youngwood, were guests of the family of ex-Sheriff Brungart.

Mrs. William Knoffsinger, of near Pleasant Gap, who has been ill for some time, is improving.

George D. Fox & Sons, the well known painters of Lock Haven, have a crew of men painting the new State College Agricultural building.

Clayton Boob, of Hecla, son of Isaiah Boob, of Woodward, bought the Abraham Eberhart farm, adjoining Mifflinburg, for $3000. The farm consists of about 30 acres.

George L. Horner, of near Pleasant Gap, is assisting Contractors Wm. Bilger & Son to erect the abutments of a bridge in Forrest county. It will require about three weeks to complete the work.

A baby, and a boy at that, is being fondled in the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Glenn, Altoona. It is the first arrival, and, of course, the greatest bit of humanity that ever was born in November.

C. W. Kleckner has been engaged by E. E. Herlacher, of Loganton, to saw the timber on a tract of land in Showers' Gap, in West Brush Valley. Mr. Kleckner moved his sawmill onto the tract last week.

George F. Miller, of Hellam, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meyer, beginning of this week. He is a young man and is engaged as a carriage painter at Lancaster, and came to Centre county to do a bit of hunting.

M. P. Brumbaugh, an Altoona merchant, was the guest of Jonas Bible, at Sprucetown, last week, returning Saturday. During the proprietor's absence, Harry E. Bible, chief clerk in the Brumbaugh store, had charge of the establishment.

Being in the service of Uncle Sam has not deterred John F. Miller, of Madisonburg, from leaving the country to cast his lot with the people of Allegheny City. He resigned as postmaster at Madisonburg, and in a short time will locate in Western Pennsylvania.

Samuel Everhart, of near Boalsburg, was in town Sunday, armed with a little bow and arrow sold by one of those little sparsely-dressed male kids you see pictured in illustrations accompanying love stories, and it is said that he is doing some awfully reckless target practice.

The rear of the Odenkirk home, occupied by H. C. Robinson, took fire Sunday morning about nine o'clock. The hose cart reached the scene in quick order, but Mr. Robinson had the flames under control, making the attaching of the hose unnecessary. The fire originated at the flue under the roof of a small kitchen.

Mr. and Mrs. William Moyer, of Loganton, were in Centre Hall guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer, beginning of this week. Mr. Moyer, it will be remembered, sustained serious injuries by a fall in his grist mill some few months ago. He is still unable to perform his quoto of work at the mill, but is gradually improving.

The silver anniversary edition of the Watsontown Record and Star reflects credit both on the publishers and the town. The edition contains sixteen pages and is profusely illustrated. The home newspaper after all is the medium that boosts the community, praises its institutions, and sees that its citizens receive their due.

The descendants of Laurence Bathurst, who came to this country about 1618, are making an effort to secure an estate said to be due the baron when he sailed from England. The Bathursts in this county are heirs, and a fund is being solicited to hunt up the claim. Frederick Carter, of Centre Hall, was one of the heirs appealed to who responded.

Inspection of some of the buildings erected years ago makes the lumbermen wish for timber tracts from which these pieces might be duplicated. In the grist mill owned by Wm. Moyer, at Loganton, there are some of the choicest sticks of white pine to be found. Some of these pieces are 16x18 inches, sixty feet long and almost clear of knots, and as sound as the day they were hewn.

Although the farmers are having the best time of their life, so far as prices are concerned, it is not unusual to hear of them quitting the occupation. This is the case with Isaac Smith, who for many years has lived on a farm east of Centre Hall. He has not fully decided in what he will engage in the future, but he will make sale of his farm stock, implements, etc., next spring.

LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH

Domestic

Backed by a mass of letters and photographs found in his room, the Philadelphia police assert that Harry Ferree, shot dead by A. Jackson Detsch, Jr., was a blackmailer of women. That he attempted to blackmail Mrs. Detsch is advanced as the theory of Detsch's motive for shooting the man. Detsch clings to the ruse that he shot Ferree believing him to be a burglar.

Henry E. Warner, receiver for the Arnold Print Works, of North Adams, Mass., has been appointed receiver for the Williamstown Manufacturing Company and the firm of Gallup & Houghton, which were affiliated with the print works.

Jesus Garcia, a locomotive engineer, gave his life to save the town of Nacazari, Ariz., by putting full speed on a train of explosives afire, the train blowing up before it had gone far.

The United States Court of Appeals affirmed judgment against the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, compelling it to pay a fine of $15,000 for granting rebates on lard.

The Old Dominion Line steamer Jefferson, with nearly 100 passengers, arrived in New York with fire in the cotton in her cargo.

D. C. Gilman has resigned as president of the National Civil Service Reform League. His successor is Joseph Choate.

The Cunarder Lusitania encountered a gale at sea that swept her decks.

Judge Olin Wellborn, in the United States District Court in Los Angeles, Cal., fined the Santa Fe Railway Company $300,000 for rebating.

James F. Jones, a mining engineer, died in Philadelphia, the result of overexertion, after his usual exercise with 35-pound dumb bells.

Two coal barges, the Onondaga and Black Diamond, both heavily laden with coal, were sunk off Stony Point light, in Lake Ontario.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt has given $100,000 for the construction of a Young Men's Christian Association building in Newport, R. I.

Sir Anthony McDonnell, under secretary of state for Ireland, was presented to President Roosevelt by the British Ambassador.

Harry C. Washabaugh, bigamist, hanged himself in his cell in the county jail at Washington, Pa.

Secretary Taft has finally decided to return by the way of Vladivostok, through Siberia and Europe.

The directors of the American Cotton Oil Company passed the dividend on the common stock.

Ex-Judge Henry Hand has declined the offer of the attorney generalship of Porto Rico.

A fire caused a panic among the inmates of the Kane County, Ill., almshouse.

The consignment of $7,100,000 in gold coin and bars which arrived on the steamer Kronprinzessin Cecilie was transferred from the ship's safe to the Subtreasury in New York. The equivalent in currency of nearly the entire consignment is being advanced to bankers.

The Arnold Print Works, North Adams, Mass., employing 6,000 hands, is in a receiver's hands.

Receivers have been named for the New York State Steel Company.

Raymond Hitchcock, the actor, who has been missing a week, surrendered to District Attorney Jerome, gave bail and reappeared in "The Yankee Tourist."

The trust companies of New York have taken charge of the Trust Company of America and the Lincoln Trust Company.

Gray Gables, the former home of Grover Cleveland at Buzzards Bay, has been sold to George D. Flynn, a brewer.

The Arctic whaling fleet previously reported caught in the ice is homeward bound with a large catch.

Two Chicago laborers were electrocuted by the cable of a derrick becoming charged with electricity.

Foreign

Paul Minow, an epileptic, 22 years old, has cleared up the mystery of crimes in Berlin resembling those of Jack the Ripper in London by confessing that he had stabbed four little girls.

The Austro-Hungarian government issued a circular warning prospective immigrants to beware of promises by agents of would-be employers in the Southern United States.

Bitter feeling has been aroused over the selection of an actor to play the part of the Prince of Peace in the "Passion Play" at Oberammergau in 1910.

Many Russians, believing there will be war between the United States and Japan, are volunteering their services to the American Embassy.

There will be no trouble between Uruguay and Argentina over the seizure of a tug in Uruguayan waters by Argentine officials.

Russian police searched a number of houses in Libau and seized false passports of emigrants intending to sail for America.

Emperor William will see Secretary Taft at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, during the former's visit to England.

Sensational testimony was given in the hearing of the Druce mystery case in London.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany started from Berlin for England.

Foreign Minister Hayashi, of Japan, declares the relations between Japan and the United States are as smooth and cordial as ever and he is positive the immigration question will be settled without friction.

The Italian government is taking military precautions in Sicily to check possible disorders in connection with the trial of Nunzio Nasi, former minister of public instruction.

United States Ambassador Reid delivered a speech at Nottingham, England, on Anglo-American trade relations.

A WOMAN SAILS OVER THE BIG CITIES

Philadelphia to New York in the Champion Pommern.

RACES WITH TRAINS AND SHIPS.

Dr. Julian P. Thomas, Wife and Party Just Miss a Monument in Going Up —Parallel the Pennsylvania Railroad Nearly All the Way—Feared Going Out to Sea.

New York (Special).—The giant German balloon, Pommern, which won the St. Louis race, tried another trip, with Dr. Julian P. Thomas, her new owner; his wife and four other people on board. The start was made from Philadelphia at 11 o'clock. Dr. Thomas said at the time that he was going to New York. Sure enough, at 4.55 o'clock the ship news experts at the Battery sighted a strange craft heaving in sight over Governors Island. They guessed her to be the Pommern, from Philadelphia for New York, in ballast, and guessed right.

After passing over the fort at Governors Island, the balloon held to a course up the East River, passing directly over the Brooklyn Bridge. One of the bridge cops who is stationed at the middle span picked up a newspaper which blew against his legs shortly after 5 o'clock and read about the start of the Pommern. A moment after he had read the item he was beseiged with questions about the balloon, then overhead, and was able to uphold the honor of the force by telling the people all about it.

After crossing over the bridge the Pommern held to a course along the Long Island shore, and about 6 o'clock Dr. Thomas' party effected a landing at One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street and West Chester Avenue, in the Bronx.

An hour afterward Dr. and Mrs. Thomas were back in their apartment, at the Hendrik Hudson, One Hundred and Tenth Street and Riverside Drive, and the Doctor was telling of his experiences as calmly and with as much interest as though he had been discussing uncooked food. With Dr. Thomas were Lieut. Robert Henderson, chief engineer of the battleship Missouri, and Capt. T. T. Lovelace, of the Aero Club of America. Oscar Erbstoch, who piloted the Pommern when she won the race at St. Louis, and Herr R. Erbstoch, who also took part in the trial, had gone back to their apartments downtown, and were not present when Dr. Thomas told his story.

Dr. Thomas said:

"I had studied the methods of the French, having been the first man from this country to make an ascension with Count de la Voulx, and the American methods, as shown by Roy Knabenshue, whom I consider to be the best in this country, and I wanted to see what the Germans could do.

"I closed with the Germans for the purchase of the Pommern, and it is interesting to note as giving the view point of men who go up in the air, that, while they did not doubt my ability to pay, they wished to receive all of the money before I made the ascent, thinking it easier, perhaps, to settle with me than my heirs.

"We started at 11 o'clock in the gas works at Point Breeze. The balloon was equipped with 23 bags of ballast, weighing, altogether, 60 pounds. The six passengers weighed about a thousand pounds. I announced before I started that I would go to New York, but the balloon was managed by Herr Erbstoch and the credit of the remarkable trip should be given to German methods."

JUDGE McCOMAS DEAD.

Stricken Down When It Was Least Expected.

Washington (Special).—Hon. Louis Emory McComas, associate justice of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, former United States senator and for four terms congressman from Maryland, died at his home, 2120 Wyoming Avenue, Sunday morning. His death was due to heart failure.

His death came with the awful suddenness of a lightning stroke. At 6 o'clock he awoke and stepped to his wife's apartments to big her good morning. She smilingly chided him for rising so early on such a disagreeable day and bade him go get a few more hours' sleep. Two hours later Mrs. McComas heard her husband breathing heavily and in apparent pain. She hurried to his room, and saw at once he was ill. She raised him in her arms and spoke to him, but he died an instant later. He was conscious, and evidently tried to speak, but death prevented.

Editor Dies In Harness.

Utica, N. Y. (Special).—John C. Schreiber, for 50 years editor of the Deutsch Zeitung, in this city, died in his office, just after he arrived from his residence. He has been commissioner of schools in this city and served one term as sheriff of the county.

All The Way On His Hands.

Washington (Special).—Max Duffek, of Munich, Germany, walked on his hands down all the steps of the Washington Monument and won a wager of $500. He fainted upon reaching the bottom and was then ordered off the grounds by the watchman.

Postcards For Children.

Washington (Special).—Postmaster General Meyer has ordered that hereafter souvenir post cards received at the Department, that are not returnable to senders because of defective addresses or other reason, be sent to the orphan asylums and children's homes in this city. Between 40,000 and 60,000 of these cards are received at the dead letter office daily.

OLYMPIA'S BRIDGE TO CELL.

Bad Check Man Claims He Was Lieutenant In Navy.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special).—From a position on the bridge of Admiral Dewey's flagship Olympia, in the battle of Manila, to a cell in a police station, is the fall of Paul Kelley, a young salesman, according to a story he told the police upon his arrest on a charge of forging a check for $22.50. Kelley claims to have been a lieutenant in the Navy and attached to the Olympia before being retired for disability after the famous sea fight in the Philippines, and says he is a son of John F. Kelley, once United States district attorney at St. Paul, Minn.

GAVE UP HIS LIFE TO SAVE THE TOWN

Engineer Puts Full Speed on Burning Powder Train.

FOREIGNERS BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Gets the Explosives Away From the Community, but the Whole Train Blows Up While Passing a Railroad Section-house Full of Mexican Workmen.

Douglas, Ariz. (Special).—Jesus Garcia, a locomotive engineer, saved Nacozari, Ariz., from destruction by running a burning powder train through the town at top speed, but lost his own life and caused the death of a dozen or more Mexican section hands through the explosion of two cars of powder just as the flaming train was passing a section-house. John Chisholm, a boy, was also killed by the explosion.

According to details of the accident received a powder train on the narrow gauge railroad of the Pilares Mine caught fire when near Nacozari. In the train were two open cars heavily loaded with explosives.

Realizing that the concentrator and a good part of the town of Nacozari would be destroyed if the powder exploded there, Engineer Garcia called to the rest of the crew to jump and started to run the train away from the town. He had taken it about a half mile when the explosion occurred, as the cars were passing a section-house full of Mexicans. The terrific explosion blew the house, the train, the men and the engineer to atoms.

Young Chrisholm, not seeing the fire in the train, sought to steal a ride on the rear car. It was impossible to say just how many section men were killed.

FOUR BURNED TO DEATH.

Bed-Ridden Man And Three Children The Victims.

New Ulm, Minn. (Special).—Four persons were burned to death in the house occupied by Louis Gimmer.

The victims were three children of the Gimmers, the eldest but six years of age, and Gimmer's bedridden father.

Mrs. Gimmer locked the children and the old man in the house and went to a neighbor's to get some milk. No one knows how the fire started.

When first seen the flames were bursting through the roof and sides of the building and it soon collapsed, burying the bodies of the helpless inmates in the redhot ashes.

Want School Books Disinfected.

New Haven, Conn. (Special).—To prevent the spread of disease among school children the Mothers' Club of this city, has drafted a new ordinance, which it requests the city fathers to adopt, making it necessary for the textbooks in every school building to be regularly disinfected.

Leopold Would Abdicate.

Liege, Belgium (By Cable). — A newspaper of this city declares upon the authority of a high official that King Leopold may possibly abdicate rather than give in to the Belgian Parliament on the question of the Congo independent state.

WASHINGTON

Members of the executive council of the Federation of Labor conferred with the President with reference to labor legislation to be recommended to Congress.

President Roosevelt received the new Turkish minister to the United States, Ohammed Ali Bey, the presentation being made by Secretary Root.

Ex-Senator Stewart, of Nevada, blames the financial stringency on Rockefeller and men of his stripe.

The President has issued an order consolidating the two internal revenue districts in Tennessee.

It has been decided to organize a special submarine and torpedo division of the Navy.

Over $48,000,000 was expended on Panama Canal construction up to June 30 of this year.

Complaint was filed before the Interstate Commerce Commission by the Rail and River Coal Company, of Bellaire, O., against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, alleging discrimination in the distribution of coal cars to the company's mines.

The Isthmian Canal Commission has appointed S. E. Blackburn, of Kentucky, a district judge in the Canal Zone.

Diplomatic transfers announced: Arthur M. Beaupre, present minister to Argentina, to be minister to the Netherlands; Spencer F. Eddy, present secretary of the embassy at Berlin, to be minister to Argentina.

David Jayne Hill, former assistant secretary of state, now minister to the Netherlands, will be promoted to be ambassador to Germany, to succeed Charlemagne Tower, resigned.

TWO MORE GIANTS OF THE NAVY

The Delaware and the North Dakota to Be Terrors.

LIKELY TO BE CONTEST IN SPEED.

Laying of the Keel for the Former Has Begun at Newport News, and There Will Be a Race Between the Shipbuilding Company of That City and the Fore River Concern.

Newport News, Va. (Special).—The laying of the keel for America's giant 20,000-ton battleship Delaware began at the plant of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company Thursday and all of the keel plates will be placed on the stocks by the end of the week. Many of the frames and beams for the warship have been completed, and the immense hull will begin to assume shape within two months. The officials of the yard expect to launch the vessel in January, 1909, and to deliver her to the Navy Department about August 1, 1910.

The Delaware's sister ship, the North Dakota, it to be built at the plant of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, Quincy, Mass., and naval men expect that a race in the construction of America's two greatest battleships will develop between the local yards and the Quincy yard. The yards are also expected to have a spirited contest in the speed of the ships, as the Dakota will be equipped with the Curtis turbine engines, while the Delaware will be propelled by two immense reciprocating engines. The Dakota's keel has not yet been laid.

The Delaware and Dakota will each be 510 feet long over all, 85 feet 2⅝ inches broad, and will have a mean draft on trial of 27 feet. The total coal supply will be 2,300 tons for each ship and the contract speed is 21 knots an hour.

The vessels will each carry 10 12-inch breech-loading rifles, mounted in five electrically controlled, balanced, elliptical turrets on the center line, three forward and two aft. The extreme forward and extreme after turets will be mounted on the same deck, while the others three turrets will be mounted on an upper deck, so that the second forward and second after turrets can fire over the tops of the extreme forward and extreme after turrets. The third forward turret will not be able to fire directly ahead, but all five turrets can be trained on the broadside, giving the vessels a boardside fire of 10 12-inch rifles, as against a broadside fire of eight 12-inch rifles on the British battleship Dreadnought.

In addition to these guns the vessel will carry 14 5-inch rapid fire guns, four 3-pounder saulting guns, four 1-pounder semi-automatic guns, two 3-inch field pieces, two 30-caliber machine guns and two submerged torpedo tubes.

EDWARD'S GREAT DIAMOND.

$750,000 Stone Given Him By The Transvaal.

London (By Cable).—Every loyal Englishman Saturday celebrated the birthday of King Edward, who was born November 9, 1841. It is a custom of long standing and its observance has at times been somewhat prefunctory, but there is a genuineness in the English sentiment today which is highly complimentary to Edward VII. He is very nearly the ideal English monarch — one who reigns, but does not govern, save by the beneficent influence he exerts for the benefit of the kingdom. He has surpassed the hopes of friends and discounted the forebodings of enemies, if he really has any. The King celebrated the event at Sandringham, where the King and Queen of Spain and the Queen of Norway, in addition to many other members of the British royal family, are staying.

The morning was occupied in receiving an immense number of congratulatory telegrams, letters and presents from almost all parts of the world, one of the most notable events being the presentation to the King of the Cullinan diamond, the largest known, estimated to be worth $750,000, and donated to him by the legislative assembly of the Transvaal as a token of the loyalty of the people of that colony and in commemoration of the grant of a responsible government to the Transvaal.

IDOL OF THE FILIPINOS.

Taft's Farewell At Manila A Great Demonstration.

Manila (By Cable)—The departure of Secretary of War Taft from this city on the cruiser Rainbow for Vladivostok Saturday was attended by a remarkable demonstration on the part of the Filipinos. The horses were withdrawn from the carriage in which were steated Mr. and Mrs. Taft, and it was pulled by Manila schoolboys from the Luneta to the dock through cheering crowds of citizens.

Mr. Taft started from the residence of Governor General Smith at 8 o'clock A. M. He reviewed the long military, civic and school parade on the Luneta at 9, making a brief address, in which he thanked the people for their reception.

MAN KILLED FOR BURGLAR.

Boarder In House Fails To Recognize Owner And Opens Fire.

Philadelphia (Special). — Harry Parree, forty years old, was shot dead at his home in the northern part of the city by A. Judson Deisch, a boarder in the house, who thought Parree was a burglar.

Deisch, it is said, saw Parree enter the house, and shot him as he was mounting the stairs. Deisch was arrested.

GUILTY OF MALFEASANCE.

Gurko Dismissed From Office In Russian Government.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—Mr. Gurko, vice minister of the interior, who was implicated in the great grain scandal during the famine-relief operations of 1906, and who was placed on trial before the Senate as a high court of justice, has been found guilty of malfeasance, sentenced to dismissal from office and ordered to make restitution to the amount of $250,000.

Through an illegal contract M. Gurko made a deal with an irresponsible individual named Lidval to supply all the grain to the famine-stricken provinces and advanced him $400,000, without security.

THE SEA SWALLOWS UP A MOUNTAIN

Had Been Cast Up in Arctic By An Earthquake.

PEAK WAS GROWING BIGGER.

Captain Tilton, of the Whaler Hennan, Reports That McCulloch Peak, But a Year Old and 3,400 Feet High, Has Dwindled to Almost Nothing Owing to Earthquakes.

San Francisco (Special).—Captain Tilton, of the whaler Herman, which arrived from the Arctic, reports that a terrific earthquake occurred at Unalaska about a month ago, and that McCulloch Peak, which was created by an earthquake nearly a year ago, and extended 3,500 feet above the sea, has dwindled to almost nothing as a result of submarine disturbances.

McCulloch Peak resulted from a volcanic eruption in the Bogostov Islands, and was discovered by officers of the United States revenue cutter McCulloch. The place was visited by Boston scientists, who recently reported that the peak was increasing in height.

The earthquake shock, which was believed to have caused its sudden shrinkage, was felt for miles around Bogostov Islands and Unalaska, and at one place a wall of water was thrown up nearly 35 feet out of the sea.

JAPANESE-AMERICAN LAKE.

Admiral Coglan, Toasting Lake, Thus Refers To Pacific Ocean.

New York (Special).—Rear Admiral Coghlan, in a speech at a banquet given in celebration of the Mikado's fifty-seventh birthday, spoke feelingly of the friendship which has so long existed between Japan and the United States and declared his belief that the Pacific must become a Japanese-American lake.

"America and Japan are hereditary friends," he said, among other things. "I became convinced of that thirty-six years ago, when I first met his majesty, the Mikado, in his own land. I have not changed my opinion since.

"This mutual friendship is regarded by us as a heritage to be handed down to our children's children. It is this friendship, I trust, that will make and keep the Pacific a Japanese-American lake."

EXPLOSION MYSTERY CLEARED.

Case Of Shell Brought From Manila By Soldier Found In Fire Ruins.

Butte, Mont. (Special).—A mysterious explosion during a fire in the pavilion in Columbia Gardens last week was explained, when the case of a 6-inch cordite shell was found in the debris. The shell had been part of a war exhibit.

It was fired at the Spanish forts at Manila by Admiral Dewey's fleet, May 1, 1898; recovered later by a soldier of the First Montana Infantry, and brought to Butte.

AMERICANS MISTREATED.

Guatemalan Official Charged With Having Two Negroes Beaten.

Guatemala City (By Cable).—Two American citizens, colored, were arrested here, it is alleged, and frightfully beaten by order of the military governor of the Department of Zacapa.

The American charge d'affaires, William Sands, is making an investigation.

Earthquake In Spain.

Madrid (By Cable).—A violent earthquake has occurred at Torre La Ribera, in the province of Huesca. The earth opened, leaving great fissures, the disturbance accompanied by subterranean rumblings which caused a panic among the population. Many houses were shaken down. The number of lives lost is not known.

FINANCIAL

About 1,000 of the Frick Company Coke ovens have been closed.

The Pennsylvania gave orders this week for a number of new locomotives.

More gold was engaged for import, making $35,500,000 on this movement.

Philadelphia Rapid Transit gross earnings in October increased $67,000 over October, 1906.

Southern Railway's gross earnings in September gained $432,684 and net profits increased $58,592.

The purchase of Tennessee coal adds 700,000,000 tons of iron ore to the assets of United States Steel.

American tobacco continues its 10 per cent. regular annual dividend and 10 per cent. extra on its common stock.

"Not including San Francisco, the fire losses of the country are larger this year than last," said the representative of one of Philadelphia's leading companies.

COMING OUT OF ITS HIDING PLACES

Hoarded Money Enticed By Offers of Premiums.

SENT IN THE INDUSTRIAL CENTERS.

Three Million Dollars of Cash Brought to the Brokers From Vaults and Strong Boxes Within Two Days—The Steady Stream Has Caused a Falling Off in the Premium Rate.

New York (Special).—The magnet of high premium rates for currency is attracting the money hoarded by depositors in steel vaults and strong boxes, and within the last two days over $3,000,000 has been enticed from its hiding-places and sold for a premium to money brokers. The placing of these large amount of hoarded currency into circulation is performing its important part in lessening the monetary stringency, and money brokers are confident that more currency will soon find its way into circulation from safe-deposit vaults, the owners of which, now being assured as to the financial future, are anxious to take advantage of the large premium rates.

The falling of the premium rate for currency Thursday from 2½ to 2 per cent. was brought about by the large amount of gold and silver that was taken from safe-deposit vaults and offered for sale. Purchases of currency made were generally for out-of-town account, and brokers state that currency bought here is being dispatched to agricultural and industrial centers where it is most needed. The reappearance of gold, hidden away in the hour of apprehension, is a sure sign of returning confidence and belief that the storm has passed, according to money brokers, who likened the present situation to 1893, when advancing premiums for currency when money was tightest called for a perfect flood from the vaults where it had lain hidden, and brought about a state of financial equilibrium.

Over a million dollars was drawn from depositories and sold to money brokers. Safe deposit companies report a steady stream of people visiting the vaults to withdraw funds. A money broker, in speaking of the source of the currency now being offered for sale, related the following incident:

"Our firm was concluding the purchase of $100,000 in gold certificates and after the rates had been agreed upon the seller plunged his hand in his pocket and then asked if we would defer the sale until he could telephone his wife to bring his safe deposit key down town, as he had left his key at home. While we never inquire from the sellers, it is not difficult to tell whether the currency has been taken from hiding places. Premium rates have been as high as 4 per cent., but under the increasing outpour of money from safe deposit vaults and the arrival of gold from Europe the rate has fallen to 3 per cent."

New York banks are not likely to follow the action of Chicago in deciding to use bank scrip and local bankers are of the opinion that the situation does not warrant their issuance in this city. A member of the clearing-house committee said:

"The matter of issuing bank scrip has not been formally discussed, although that doubtless has been thought of. The bankers feel that the clearing-house certificates will prove adequate in preventing a severe money strain here, and that there will be no need for bank scrip."

HOLD UP A TOWN.

Bandits Blow Up A Safe And Get $6,500.

Canova, S. D. (Special).—Seven armed bandits held up the town at an early hour. They blew up the safe in the Interstate Bank and secured $6,500, escaping an hour later, without leaving the slightest clew. While the two bandits worked at the bank the others guarded the alleys and streets. The occupants of a hotel across the street were aroused by the explosion, but the robbers opened fire and drove them back, threatening to kill the first one who appeared. The hotel was riddled with bullets. Where lights were burning in the homes the bandits, at the point of the gun, forced the owners to extinguish them. The town is terror-stricken.

FIRE PANIC IN HOSPITAL.

Sixty Patients Are Carried To Safety By Physicians And Nurses.

Chicago (Special). — Much excitement was caused among 120 patients of the German Hospital, in Hamilton Court, by a fire in the top floor of the five-story building. There were no patients on the fifth floor.

Sixty patients were promptly carried by physicians and nurses into a new addition which adjoins the main building, and no one was injured.

Ten Killed By Explosion.

Douglas, Ariz. (Special).—A confirmed story, with details lacking, has been received here of a terrific powder explosion near Necozari, Ariz., when ten men, probably Mexicans, were killed. The explosion occurred on the narrow gauge railroad between Necozari and the mines near Bisbee. The powder was in two cars.

Old Sloop Of War Sold.

Washington (Special).—The Navy Department will accept the bid of $3,210 made by Thomas Butler & Co., of Boston, who were the highest of the bidders for the old obsolete sloop of war, Saratoga, built in 1842. The sloop, which was one of Commodore Perry's ships on his Japan expedition, has been at League Island Navy Yard for several years and has been used by the Pensylvania Naval Militia.

THE PASSING OF THE FOREST.

As long as the forests shall live,
The streams shall flow onward, still singing
Sweet songs of the woodland, and bringing
The bright, living waters that give
New live to all mortals who thirst—
But the races of men shall be cursed.

Yea, the hour of destruction shall come,
To the children of men in that day
When the forest shall all pass away;
When the low woodland voices are dumb;
And death's devastation and dearth
Shall be spread o'er the face of the earth.

Avenging the death of the wood,
The turbulent streams shall outpour
Their vials of wrath, and no more
Shall their banks hold back the high flood,
Which shall rush o'er the harvests of men;
As swiftly receding again.

Lo! after the flood shall be dearth,
And the rain no longer shall fall
On the parching fields; and a pall,
As of ashes, shall cover the earth;
And dust-clouds shall darken the sky;
And the deep water wells shall be dry.

And the rivers shall sink in the ground,
And every man cover his mouth
From the thickening dust, in that drouth;
Fierce famine shall come; and no sound
Shall be borne on the desolate air
But a murmur of death and despair.

—Alexander Blair Thaw in The Century.

A Changed Man.

After ten years of domesticity Peabody still is unable to understand his wife.

If there is a tie-up on the elevated road which necessitates his taking the surface line and reaching home twenty minutes late he is invariably surprised to be welcomed by Mrs. Peabody with tears and a disposition to hysterics. Peabody's mind works slowly and this constitutional defect makes it impossible for him to realize how many horrors a really active imagination can conjure up in twenty minutes. Indeed, in a quarter of that time Mrs. Peabody sometimes had seen him the victim of a wreck, in the hospital with a sunstroke and the prey of a holdup man.

As a matter of fact, in spite of his wife's apprehensions, nothing ever happens to Peabody. He is absolutely healthy and lucky to a degree that awakens the envy of all his acquaintances.

Naturally so nervous a wife as Mrs. Peabody is careful not to cause anxiety to others. She never goes downtown for an afternoon's shopping without acquainting Peabody with the fact over the telephone and also telling him at just what hour she will be at home.

Mrs. Peabody went to call on a south side friend the other day and was surprised to meet at her friend's house an old schoolmate she had not seen for many years. Her friend declared that it was plainly foreordained that she was to stay to dinner. Mrs. Peabody was the more ready to accept this view as it was the maid's afternoon out. An invitation was extended to Peabody over the telephone, but, though he generously urged his wife to stay and enjoy herself, he explained that business would keep him at the office late, so he would get his dinner downtown. Then he would go home. "That is, if you're not afraid to come home alone," he added, as an afterthought.

"Oh, not at all, dear," answered Mrs. Peabody, who shows her unselfish disposition by reserving her apprehensions for others; "I'll be home at 8.30 promptly."

It was during the dinner that the proposal was made to extend the festivities by going to the theatre. The suggestion was tempting, but at first Mrs. Peabody refused to consider it. By this time it was too late to reach Peabody at the office.

"If he expected me and I didn't come he'd worry so," Mrs. Peabody said.

But the friends, who knew Peabody, laughed at this idea so heartily that Mrs. Peabody began to think that perhaps she was overparticular. Between the ridicule of one friend and the coaxing of the other, her scruples were lulled to rest. So the three women went to the play.

Meanwhile Peabody was enjoying himself unexpectedly. Just as he left the office he ran across an old friend, whose wife was out of town. The two men dined together and then went out to the Peabody flat, where they spent an enjoyable evening over their cigars. Waite, who is old enough to be Peabody's father, has white hair and a wrinkled face, but his spirit of boyish fun belies his appearance. When Peabody suggested that Waite spend the night there Waite fell in with the plan without demur. Peabody gave up his room, as is the practice of flat dwellers when guests are entertained, and himself took the folding bed in the parlor.

The silencing of Mrs. Peabody's scruples had been only temporary. All through the play she was haunted by the thought of her husband pacing the floor and listening for steps on the stair. By the end of the second act she was hardly able to answer a question and she seriously deliberated feigning an attack of heart trouble as an excuse to leave.

Mrs. Peabody made her farewells very brief and hastily made her way to the elevated station. A train was just pulling out as she reached the platform and the brief interval of waiting for another train seemed almost interminable. Now that there was nothing to distract her attention, her fancy was at liberty to frame all sorts of horrifying conjectures. She wondered if her husband had notified the police of her mysterious absence. She felt sure that she would find him in a state of collapse.

There was an ominous silence about the flat as she climbed the stairs. A light burned in the hall, but elsewhere darkness reigned. Wavering between doubt and fear, Mrs. Peabody entered her husband's bedroom and turned on the electric light. As it flashed up she saw a slight that struck her dumb.

It was even worse than she had thought! The white head on the pillow, the gaunt, wrinkled face, so unlike her husband's almost cherubic chubbiness, told a tale of suffering beyond words.

"John! John!" shrieked Mrs. Peabody. "What have I done? How you are changed! I am an unworthy wife!"

Then she fell back in the hall in a genuine attack of hysterics.

So soundly was Peabody asleep that even then he did not come to a realizing sense of the situation till Waite had donned some clothing and shaken him into partial consciousness.

The rest of the night was passed in reassuring Mrs. Peabody. Strange to say, instead of being relieved on discovering that no evil had resulted from her absence, she felt resentment because her husband had taken her safety for granted.—Chicago News.

LIVING IN FRANCE.

Temptations That Beset the Housekeeper of Economical Ambitions.

When it began to dawn upon us that we could not that winter tear ourselves from Mentone we decided we would establish ourselves in one of the bric-a-brac villas and really enjoy life. So we set forth, and from one of several good agencies secured a house. This was in February, and we got it until the end of May for 800 francs—$160. It took some little skill to reduce things to that basis, but we did it eventually.

Our villa was about ten minutes walk from the centre of the town, situated away from the sea because the beach is so very pebbly that the song of the wild waves at time degenerates into something like a nagging repetition to tired nerves. There were four excellent bedrooms, with a sitting room and dining room. For the servants there were two good bedrooms and a dining room. The kitchen was well equipped and there was a dumbwaiter running (or more accurately creeping) upstairs to the pantry. Our furniture was not artistic, but it was well made and well kept, and our crockery and alleged silverware was most pleintiful. We had no stationary bath, but we had no prejudice against English tubs, which can be bought or hired for the season in the town, and there was running water on every floor.

Then we had a garden, a sunken garden because we were on the side of a hill, like all self-respecting villas on the Riviera. And in the garden were many delights, such as date palms and oranges and a heliotrope vine covering one entire wall, and of course roses and hyacinths and other flowers that bloom all winter long in the south of France. We loved our garden and insisted on lunching in it, regardless of the warning about the chill wind between 12 and 2.

In the local paper our names were written large as having established ourselves at this abode of bliss "with suite." "Suite" was middle aged and had lost her front teeth in some sad accident, but she was hard working and good natured, and did very well. We paid her a $8 a month, and we could have secured for proportionate prices servants up to any degree of efficiency. Our washing—an enormous quantity—was very well down for about $4 a week.

It is useless to say that living is cheap in France, although it would be a perfectly true statement in a way. Many things are very cheap and good, but, alas, it is a country of specialization and temptation dogs one's footsteps. One could not eat the food piously if it were not that the better and the superlatively best crop up before one at every turn. Supplying food in France is such an art that it arouses enthusiasm in the marketer's soul, and if once the fatal step is taken and a work of art is purchased for dinner it is very hard to go back to the fare of ordinary mortals. However, barring certain lapses into awful gastronomic debauces, we lived on from $2 to $2.20 a day. Fuel we found comparatively cheap and gas enormously expensive, compared with other countries.

Our actual living cost us about $150 a month, including the rent, but one has to allow a goodly margin for extras. It is little fun to be in the Riviera and not of it, and this means a constant expenditure.—From the Travel Magazine.

Use for Macaroni.

Mrs. Dubois, wife of a Western senator, hired a new cook the other day. In the past Mrs. Dubois has had more than her share of woe with domestic servants and at last decided to try the experiment of having a colored woman for autocrat of the kitchen. This new cook came, claiming that she could do anything, and Mrs. Dubois intimated on the first day that they would have some macaroni for dinner. "What's that?" asked the cook. Mrs. Dubois took her to the pantry and showed her the macaroni. "Do you mean to say that you don't know what that is?" Mrs. Dubois asked. "Oh, yes, 'deed I do, missus," the cook replied. "Only in the las' place I worked they lighted the gas with them things." At latest accounts Mrs. Dubois was wearily looking for still another cook.—Kansas City Star.

Sharp Practice.

Lady Commercial, to her husband, who is rather cold to her—John, the kisses you give me now are not up to the sample you gave me when you asked me to be yours. It isn't business.

AN UNDESIRABLE CITIZEN.

Uncle Sam—"Hey! if you want to put out that fire quit blowing it."

—Timely Cartoon, from Judge.

FUTURE WARS MAY BE FOUGHT IN AIR

To Be Settled With Minimum Loss of Life, Declares Major Squires.

New York City.—Brigadier-General James Allen, head of the Signal Corps of the United States Army; Major George O. Squiers, of the Signal Corps, and Admiral C. M. Chester, of the navy, were speakers before the International Aeronautical Congress in the house of the Automobile Club of America. The value of the airship in army and navy and the types best suited for the different branches of the service were set forward by the speakers, who are working on the problem on behalf of the American Government.

General Allen said that the corps was building in Omaha a large aerodrome, 200 feet long, 100 feet wide and eighty feet high, where the 300 Signal Corps men stationed in the region will be trained. Later, he said, an aerodrome would probably be erected on the Atlantic coast and one on the Pacific coast. "We are more interested in the dirigible balloon than in the aeroplane," he said, "and shall make our gas by the electric process." The liquid air process has been tried, he said, but was not successful. General Allen said that he understood that Secretary Taft would ask Congress for $200,000 for the prosecution of the work. A resolution was adopted asking President Roosevelt to intercede with Congress in behalf of the new branch of military activity.

"The practical dirigible balloon is here now," Major Squiers said. "The last great war was conducted strictly in line with the textbooks, accompanied at times with unlimited slaughter. The great object of war is to bring about a decisive result with a minimum destruction of human life. If we could utilize scientific principles to bring about this result without killing any one it would be the ideal. The cavalry is designed to scout and develop information for use in the handling and operation of the army which it serves. Aerial navigation furnishes us with an additional weapon for obtaining information and for using the information thus obtained. It will enable the maneuvring of armies by strategic marches and surprises to bring about decisive results with minimum destruction of life."

Admiral Chester, speaking for the naval side of the work, said that it had recently come to light that balloons were used by the navies as well as by the armies involved in the late Russo-Japanese War. "Sufficient is learned from actual practice to substantiate the theory that the airship is likely to become the long sought antidote against attacks from submarines," he said. "The elevation enables the observer to discover the movements of submarines under the water, and floating mines and stationary mines may be detected.

"The dirigible balloon has been adopted by armies, but it is not profitable for general use on shipboard. Naval men should give their attention to the development of the aeroplane. It is peculiarly a naval weapon because of its compactness, the fact that on shipboard it would always be near a machine shop—a necessary factor in operating so delicate a piece of machinery—its adaptability for scouting purposes and the fact that it would have the power at hand for initial movement. An inclined plane which is commonly used for acquiring movement may be readily constructed on shipboard, but when the ship's own velocity is insufficient, turning her into the wind would give her own speed combined with that of the wind."

In his address as president of the Congress Willis L. Moore reviewed the history of the development of aerial navigation and concluded that it was evident that the first application of the work would be in the art of war. "Commercially very little is to be expected from either balloons or flying machines," he said. "Upon the whole, now that success has come, we see that the conquest of the air has more limited practical uses than was imagined when it was not known how the process was to be achieved, but it may develop new uses of its own and prove an important benefit to mankind."

WOMAN ACCUSES TOM LAWSON, OF BOSTON

Finds Him in Hotel and Says He Caused Her Loss of $42,000 by His Misleading Stock Tips.

Boston.—A story was in circulation to the effect that Thomas W. Lawson had been attacked in Young's Hotel by a woman. Mr. Lawson issued a statement in which he said:

"The attack consists solely of the hysterical woman, if she was hysterical, coming to my table in Young's dining room and conveying to me the alleged information that I had been the cause of her losing $42,000. I had never seen the woman before, but I noticed that she and two others had a table next to the one I usually occupy. I don't know whether the empty high ball glasses on their table had anything to do with the attack. I don't know whether they had been laying in wait for me all day or a week of days. Wouldn't know the lady again if I saw her.

"I simply rose from the table, said to the lady, 'If you have lost as much as $42,000, you must have been gambling,' and thanking her for her attention sat down."

HOLIDAY TURKEYS TWENTY-SEVEN CENTS A POUND

Probably Will Be Higher, as Greater Part of the Supply is Coming From the West.

New York City.—There is great uncertainty about the prices consumers will have to pay for their Thanksgiving turkeys. While there is a large supply of Western birds, raisers say prices will be higher than last year. An important factor will be the weather. If the present high temperature continues for a fortnight prices will be no higher than they were a year ago, but a cold snap would mean that from two to three cents a pound would be added.

Turkeys are selling wholesale at the same figures as during the week preceding last Thanksgiving Day, eighteen cents, which is the same price they were in 1904 and two cents less than they were in 1905. In 1903 they were twenty and one-half cents, and seventeen cents in 1902.

The cheapest turkeys now in the market are twelve cents wholesale, and there is little demand for them, while there is only a fair demand for the best stock, the sales made being above seventeen cents. There are few shipments coming from near home, most of the supplies coming from the West.

Retail shops are selling the best turkeys for twenty-seven cents, but intimate that the price will be higher before many weeks roll around.

Uncle Sam Loses $30,000 by a Fire in Washington.

Washington, D. C.—The seed division building of the Department of Agriculture, located on C street, Southwest, was partially destroyed by fire early in the morning a few days ago.

The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed to have been spontaneous combustion. The loss on the building will be $30,000. Some valuable seeds were destroyed that it will be difficult to replace.

Deal in Kentucky For 16,000,000 Pounds of Burley Tobacco.

At Henderson, Ky., by a deal just completed, the Imperial Tobacco Company bought the entire 1907 tobacco crop pledged to the American Society of Equity in Henderson, Union, Webster, Hopkins and Crittenden Counties. The deal involves 16,000,000 pounds of tobacco and will bring $500,000 in English money to the farmers of that section. The price is the highest ever paid, with the exception of the war price.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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WAS IT A SPIRIT, OR WHAT?

Eusapia Palladino, the well known Neapolitan medium, who was rather a failure when she appeared before the Psychical Research Society in London a few years ago, has just subjected herself to a series of experiments, held under the auspices of the University of Naples and participated in by Professors Bottazzi and Galeotti and other well known scientists. Eusapia is an ignorant woman, and is known to have received no education whatever. Nevertheless while in a trance she is able to converse in several modern languages, and writes in each of them in a script that is like copperplate.

At the University of Naples the professors deliberately set traps for her, placing objects with which she could bring about effects within reach of her hand and fixing electric lights close by, so as to throw instant illumination upon them if she attempted to make use of them. A dish containing clay to receive possible moldings or marks was placed at a considerable distance from the medium, and her hands were carefully controlled by two persons, when she suddenly stretched out the three middle fingers of one hand, and, rubbing the under part of her fingers on the table in front of her, said:

"How hard it is! What is it?"

As there was nothing on the table she was asked to what she referred, and she replied:

"It is the hard clay. I wish it taken away. I do not need it."

When the professors came to examine the distant dish of clay it was found to have the marks of three fingers upon it, of which the movements corresponded exactly to those which had been made by the medium on the table, and it appeared as though she were able in some way to transmit the sensations of her own hands to a distance.

In one of the experiments the wrists of Eusapia were tied to two iron rings fixed in the floor; the cords that held her were knotted and sealed, and yet under these conditions a bottle of water was carried about, and a seat and large human hands were seen to appear. Professor Galeotti declares that, while he was holding Eusapia by the hands, he distinctly saw a double figure in her place with identical arms, which, however, were held in different positions.

Professor Bottazzi, the leader of the experiments, once touched the fingers of Eusapia, and an electric light, the tap of which had been fixed inside her cabinet, but out of her reach, was lighted four or five times, and as many times extinguished. Professor Bottazzi also had a large and apparently natural human hand laid upon his neck, his head and his arm. Each time he was able to touch it, and, when on his arm, to see it by suddenly turning on the electric lights, when it was not dragged away, but faded out of sight and touch as he held it.

In these and other similar experiments the scientific men present are agreed that fraud was practically impossible. They all, however, exclude any supernatural or spiritual explanation, and can only suggest that Eusapia Palladino's manifestations are biological phenomena, dependent on the organism of the medium, who at will can double or increase the range of her psychic personality, and even her physiological personality.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Generous Act Rewarded.

An undertaker named Roberts, at Walthamstow, England, several years ago buried, at his own expense, the bodies of a friendless woman and child who had been murdered, rather than see them laid in a pauper's grave. He has just received $25,000, bequeathed him by an old gentleman who had admired his act.

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EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor.
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

The National Hotel
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First class accommodations for the traveler. Good table board and sleeping apartments The choicest liquors at the bar. Stable accommodations for horses is the best to be had. Bus to and from all trains on the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad, at Coburn

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Marble AND Granite,
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THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1907

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per lines for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The Reporter's Register.

Cora E. Ripka, Potters Mills
Pearl R. Ripka, Potters Mills
Mary E. Jordan, Potters Mills
Willard Garver, Pleasant Gap
John L. Eungard, Rock River, Ohio
Emanuel Eungard, Farmers Mills
Mrs. H. E. Shadle, Yankeetam, W. Va.
Mrs. W Frank Bradford, Centre Hall
Minnie E. Fye, Penns Cave
Mrs. Henry Homan, Centre Hall
Mrs. Wm Homan, Centre Hall
Mrs. John H. Horner, Mrs Frank Brown, Emmet T. Jordan, Mrs. Emmet Jordan, Floyd Jordan, Emily Jordan, Colyer
George and Burton Fetterolf, Centre Hall
Warren Homan, Centre Hall
Ida Klinger, Bellefonte
Mrs. Maggie Harper, Centre Hall
Jacob Stiffler, Red Oak, Illinois
Mrs. George E. Heckman, Centre Hall
Fernie and Vera Heckman, Centre Hall
George F. Miller, Hellam
Mrs. W. F. Floray, Centre Hall
Besse C. Breon, Potters Mills
Nelle C. Mingle, Aaronsburg
G. H McCormick, Potters Mills
C. R. Weil, Pittsburg
F. E. Wieland, Linden Hall
Rev. W. H. Warburton, Spring Mills
Jennie Thomas, Centre Hall
Edna H. Murray, Centre Hall
Stephen Cahoon, North Rose, N. Y.
Clayton Homan, Centre Hall
Paul Bradford, Centre Hall
Sidney Royer, Centre Hall
John Lingle, Centre Hall
Irene Zettle, Centre Hall

Linden Hall.

Mrs. J. W. Keller attended the funeral of Mrs. Elwood Brooks, Monday.

Miss Anna Ross returned from a year's visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. P. B. Meyer, of Rockford, Virginia. She was accompanied home by her father, who had been on a two weeks' visit to Washington and Jamestown.

J. L. Tressler has been under the care of a physician for several days.

Mrs. D. C. Hess spent Monday in Bellefonte.

A. S. Fleck had his foot smashed by being run over by one of the trucks at the limestone quarries. He runs the engine at the quarries, and had left it a short time to adjust the brakes.

F. E. Wieland spent several days in Altoona recently.

Douglass Campbell, one of Mifflin county's aged citizens, is visiting relatives in Centre county.

George Gentzel is moving from Miss Mary Potter's tenant house to Potters Mills.

Robert Reitz and wife left for their new home in Milton, where he is employed in the car shops.

Mrs. Ezra Tressler visited Mrs. J. W. Keller last week.

Miss Madie Gingerich, who spent part of last week here, was called to the bedside of her sister, Nannie, who was taken seriously ill at State College last Friday.

Mrs. Agnes Meyer returned from Milton, where she had been called to care for her son who had been confined to the house owing to a severe cold.

The health officer visited the Rock Hill school Monday and inspected the condition of the building and took a list of the families represented.

Harris Township

Mrs. Margaret Miller returned from Altoona last week. She was accompanied by her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Kleckner Reish, who remained in Boalsburg for a few days.

Mrs. P. M. Weber, of Huntingdon, is enjoying several weeks with relatives and friends in this place.

George E. Meyer, of Altoona, visited his parents.

Miss Annie Lohr spent a few days at her home at Centre Hall, where she attended the funeral of her niece, Mrs. Elwood Brooks, Monday afternoon.

Charles and George Fisher spent Sunday in Boalsburg.

G. W. Garberic, of Pine Hall, attended services in the Reformed church, Sunday.

Mrs. Amanda Walker is staying for an indefinite time at the Musser house, State College.

Robert McCrae and family, of Bellevue Station, Pittsburg, visited here.

Miss Nannie Gingerich is ill from peritonitis at the home of Mrs. Herman, at State College.

Miss Mayme Reed, of Petersburg, Huntingdon county, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. James I. Reed.

Mrs. Dessie Fry Treaster, a granddaughter of Hiram Fry, of Shingletown, died at her home near Franklinville, Monday the 4th, and was buried in the cemetery at Boalsburg the following Wednesday in the afternoon. Services were held in the Lutheran church, Rev. McKelvey officiating.

The entertainment given by the primary school at Boalsburg, Friday evening, was an enjoyable affair. Roy Lucas gave the address of welcome; a number of recitations and dialogues were well rendered. Music was one of the pleasing parts of the program. Miss Marjory Rothrock presided at the organ, and some of the girls of the grammar school assisted in the singing. Rev. A. A. Black, Prof. H. C. Rothrock, Dr. L. E. Kidder and H. M. Hosterman made short addresses expressing their appreciation of the exercises.

THE DALE MURDER.

Occurred a Year ago Tuesday—No New Evidence so Far as the Public Knows.

Tuesday it was a year since the murder of Josiah C. Dale, which deed was committed somewhere between the Dale farm, on Nittany Mountain, and Centre Hall. As far as the public knows there is at this time no evidence pointing to the criminal other than that developed at the time of the habeas corpus hearing, all of which appeared in this paper. One of the county papers, assuming to speak for one of the county officials, has stated in effect that evidence against a certain individual has been obtained, but it is not generally believed that the article was written with authority or that any new incriminating evidence has been developed.

In the issue of the Reporter of November 22nd, of last year, the writer advanced two theories of where the murder might have taken place. The first theory was that the deed was committed at or near the barn. This was then and always has been the personal opinion of the editor. The second theory, advanced by many who expressed themselves on the subject, was that the killing was done on the south slope of Nittany Mountain, at or near what is known as Adam's road.

The Reporter's opinion as to the place where the murder was committed and by whom it was committed has never changed, it maintains at this time that the main points in theory number one, as printed in the issue referred to above, are true. These points follow:

(a) The murder was committed at or near the farm buildings.

(b) The time of the murder between five and six o'clock.

(c) The buggy with the dead man in it was side tracked until an auspicious moment when it was liberated.

A peculiar feature is that none of the five members of the Moyer family, tenants on the farm, saw Mr. Dale any time after about 2:30 p. m., and although Andy Moyer saw the buggy at the barn, observed that Mr. Dale's horse was in the stable, when he went into an adjoining lot for a calf, and was gone but ten minutes and during this time was in view of the buggy, he fails to know anything whatever about the murdered man leaving the Dale farm.

Green Corn and Potatoes.

In the local markets green corn is selling for fifty-five cents, but there is little that can be termed first class. Grain merchants are not buying corn at any price, as it is too risky to store in quantities.

Few potatoes have been shipped from the valley this season. The crop was not a good one and many farmers were obliged to leave it in the ground, on account of scarcity of help, until a large per cent. had rotted. The remaining portion of the crop, while the tubers look well on the outside, are more or less affected by the rot and are black streaked on the inside. The ruling price has been fifty cents for sixty pounds.

Foust Property Sold.

The Foust property, consisting of a house and lot and a small tract of wood land, was sold by the administrator, James L. Foust, to James H. Runkle at a public sale held last week. The tract of five acres of land on which is a small dwelling house was knocked down at $250, and the four acres of wood land at $51.

Old System of Nominating.

The county commissioners have announced that the old system of nominating candidates, for local offices to be voted for at the spring election, will be adhered to. The time for holding the caucus will be announced later by the party chairman.

Williamsport Commercial College.

Twenty-two students accepted positions in October. Fifty-four calls received for office help in forty-four school days. A business education is a good investment. Enter any time. Trial lesson and catalogue free.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will be in Centre Hall Friday, November 22.

Lewisburg has another $3000 damage suit on hand. Jacob Hower, an undertaker, was thrown from his wagon and injured. He sued for the above amount. The accident was caused by the wheel of his wagon striking an ash pile.

Billiousness and Constipation.

"For years I was troubled with billiousness and constipation, which made life miserable for me. My appetite failed me. I lost my usual force and vitality. Pepsin preparations and cathartics only made matters worse. I do not know where I should have been today had I not tried Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. The tablets relieve the ill feeling at once, strengthen the digestive functions, helping the system to do its work naturally."—Mrs. Rosa Potts, Birmingham, Ala. These tablets are for sale by

The Star Store, Centre Hall; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

DEATHS.

MRS. ELWOOD BROOKS.

The death of Mrs. Elwood Brooks occurred at their home in Altoona Saturday morning, November 9th, of typhoid fever. Mrs. Brooks was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lutz, of Centre Hall, from whose home the funeral was held Monday afternoon. Rev. McIlnay, of the M. E church, pastor of the deceased, assisted by Rev. Durkee, of Pleasant Gap, conducted the services.

The service at the grave was conducted by the members of The Lady of the Valley Rebekah Lodge No. 263, and was very impressive. Mrs Brooks was a charter member of this lodge. The members of the local order of Independent Order of Odd Fellows also attended the services in a body.

The music in the church was furnished by members from the various church choirs, and was very appropriate to the occasion.

There were a number of floral pieces presented by organizations and individuals.

Mrs. Edith Brooks was a faithful member of the M. E church for fourteen years, always active in the work for the Master. She was a teacher in the Sabbath school up to the time of her marriage which took place July 9th, just four months before her death. Her age was twenty-seven years, eight months and eighteen days. Besides her husband she is survived by her parents and one sister, Mrs. C. D. Bartholomew, of Centre Hall. ***

MICHAEL LAMEY.

Michael Lamey, an aged and well-known resident of Millheim and a veteran of the civil war, died suddenly Monday morning of last week of dropsy and heart failure, at his home on Penn street, aged seventy-four years, one month, and twenty-six days. Deceased had been ill for the past year but his disease was not considered immediately dangerous, and on Sunday previous to his death he seemed remarkably well and was heard to say that he never felt better in his life. He leaves to survive a widow and two children: H. W. Lamey and Mrs. W. F. Colyer, both of Millheim.

Mrs. Margaret E. Carter died at her home in McKeesport, aged sixty-three years, seven months, twelve days. She was a daughter of the late George E. and Mary Wasson, of Lemont. Surviving her are two daughters, Misses Ora and Maude, both at home, and one sister, Mrs. W. E. Tate, of near Centre Hall.

Margaret R., wife of Henry Sowers, died at her home in Pine Grove Mills, after many months of suffering. The deceased was a daughter of Israel Albright and was born near Lemont, twenty-eight years ago. She is survived by her husband, father and sister.

Mrs. Sarah Rachau, died of apoplexy at her home at Madisonburg, aged sixty-five years, nine months and twenty-one days. Interment was made in the cemetery at Yearick's church.

LOCALS.

Regular meeting of Progress Grange Saturday afternoon.

The Centre County Pomona Grange will meet at Centre Hall, Wednesday, December 4th.

John Bathgate, of Lemont, last week fell from an apple tree and since then has been quite ill.

The clothing bought from Montgomery & Company make you feel comfortable. It's in the cut.

Mrs. Rebecca Scholl and Mrs. Lucinda Weaver are visiting at the home of George Scholl, at Houserville.

Mrs. Maggie Harper returned from a pleasant visit to Bellefonte, and is now entertaining her son, Harry Harper, a Westinghouse employe, who is home for a short time.

Robert J. Zerby, of Uniontown, after spending a week at Spring Mills, came to Centre Hall Tuesday to visit his father-in-law, John Spicher. Mr. Zerby is a railroad engineer.

Mrs. J. H. Meyer, of Boalsburg, is visiting her son, George E. Meyer and other friends in Altoona. Her son had been in Boalsburg and Monday Mrs Meyer accompanied him to his home.

Last week one day the crew on one of the freight trains saw three bears near Paddy Mountain tunnel, below Coburn, and a short distance farther on bruin number four was seen shambling over the rocks.

Mrs. Fred Wideman, of La Grange, Illinois, writes the Reporter the baking business is booming, and that they have been making numerous improvements in their bakery and restaurant. Mrs. Wideman's maiden name was Miss Belle Pennington, formerly of Centre Hall.

The next big game of the foot ball season will be played on the College Campus at Lewisburg on Saturday afternoon Dickinson will meet Bucknell. Both teams are closely matched. The game will attract hundreds to Lewisburg to witness the contest, and the biggest crowd is expected on athletic field on that day.

Nieman's Store

IS RUSHING IN ALL DEPARTMENTS WITH FALL TRADE

Rain Coats for Sunny or Rainy Weather, in latest patterns and newest styles, are now on hand. Plain gray, worsted striped, and other fine mixtures—light and dark effects—cut and made by the best tailors.

Come and ask for them. We'll gladly show them to you.

The well-dressed lady will surely call and inspect our Coats, Furs and Skirts. The line is not only one of the largest we ever had, but the most stylish garments can be obtained here. Our stock consists of fifty different designs.

Prices Range From $5.00 to $27.50

SHOES
Satisfactory Footwear.

You will find that you can be well served here at a great saving.

CALL FOR Walk Over Shoes

How many shoes give comfort the first day worn? How many shoes hold their shape and style until worn out? Few indeed, but you can rely upon "QUEEN QUALITY" doing this.

D. J. NIEMAN, UP-TO-DATE CLOTHIER Millheim, Pa.

TEACHERS INSTITUTE.

Opens Monday, November 18th—The Instructors—Directors Association, Wednesday and Thursday.

The sixty-first annual session of Centre County Teacher's Institute will open Monday, November 18th, and continue until Friday evening.

During Wednesday and Thursday of the same week the Director's Association will have its annual meeting. This body has an official standing.

THE INSTITUTE INSTRUCTORS.

Nathan C. Schaffer, D. D., State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Charles C. Miller, Ph. D., President Lima College, Lima, Ohio.
J. C. Willis, Ph D., M. D., University of Louisville, Louisville, Ky.
C. H. Gordinier, Ph. D., Dean of Kee Marr College, Hagerstown, Md.

DIRECTORS' ASSOCIATION.

The Directors' Association will convene Wednesday morning, ten o'clock.
President's address—Hon. W. C. Heinle.
Address—Col. D. F. Fortney, "Compulsory School Law."

1:45 P. M.

Address—Dr. Miller, "The education of a Pennsylvanian."
Address — Dr. Gordinier, "When the Director Looks Good to Me."
Address—Col. Fortney, "The Need of Township High Schools."

8:00 P. M.

Lecture—Dr. Schaeffer, "Work and Play in Education."

THURSDAY—9 A. M.

Address—Dr. Willis, "The School and the Community."
Address—Dr. Schaeffer, "Recent Legislation."
Address—Col. Fortney, "School Libraries, and their value to the school and the community."

Have You a Friend?

Then tell him about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Tell him how it cured your hard cough. Tell him why you always keep it in the house. Tell him to ask his doctor about it. Doctors use a great deal of it for throat and lung troubles.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
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We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will hasten recovery. Gently laxative.

There is no better heater made than the Red Cross Oak, straight or down draft. The price is made an object.—J. A. Reesman.

DISTRICT SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.

A District Sabbath School Convention will be held in the Methodist Chutch at Sprucetown, Friday, November 15th. The program follows:

AFTERNOON SESSION

1.30 P. M. Opening Services.
Election of Officers for Ensuing Year.
2.00 P. M. Equipment For the Work . . . . . Rev. G. W. McIlnay
MUSIC
The Teacher's Opportunity . . . . . Dr. W. H. Schuyler
MUSIC.

EVENING SESSION

7.30 P. M. Song Service.
Should Parents Attend the Sabbath School, and Why?
Mrs. J. R. Sechrist
MUSIC.
(Some S. S. Topic) by . . . . . Rev. B. F. Bieber
MUSIC.
(Some S. S. Topic) by . . . . . Rev. E. E. Haney

Each leader will have fifteen minutes to open discussion.

The district is composed of Potter and Gregg Townships and Centre Hall Borough. All schools are entitled to send delegates. Let all attend and take part that can possibly do so. It is an important work for the Master. Dr. W. H. Schuyler is Secretary of the County Association.

C. E. ROYER, Pres. MRS. H. W. KREAMER, Sec.
A. B. LEE, Vice Pres. J. J. ARNEY, Treas.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—No services owing to absence of pastor.

Lutheran—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Tusseyville, evening, missionary rally.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon, communion, preparatory services Saturday afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	70	Wheat	95
Barley	55	Oats	50
		Corn	70

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	09	Butter	25
Potatoes	60	Eggs	25

J. D. Murray's Success.

J. D. Murray, the enterprising druggist, rather than await the ordinary methods of introduction, urged the Dr. Howard Co. to secure a quick sale for their celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia by offering the regular 50c. bottle at half-price.

The wonderful success of this plan was a great surprise even to Mr. Murray and today there are scores of people in Centre Hall who are using and praising this remarkable remedy.

So much talk has been caused by this offer, and so many new friends have been made for the specific, that the Dr. Howard Co. have authorized druggist Murray to continue this special half-price sale for a limited time longer.

In addition to selling a 50c. bottle of Dr. Howard's specific for 25c., Mr. Murray has so much faith in the remedy that he will refund the money to anyone whom it does not cure.

When your head aches, your stomach does not digest food easily and naturally, when there is constipation, specks before the eyes, tired feeling, giddiness, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, heart-burn, sour stomach, roaring and ringing in the ears, melancholy and liver troubles, Dr. Howard's specific will cure you. If it does not, it will not cost you a cent.

A Reliable Remedy for Croup.

Mrs. S. Rosinthal, of Turner, Michigan, says: "We have used Chamberlain's Cough Medicine for ourselves and children for several years and like it very much. I think it is the only remedy for croup and can highly recommend it." For sale by

The Star Store, Centre Hall; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

"No advance in prices here" is the way Montgomery & Company put it. Inspection of their stock will convince the buyer that they have the best line of goods to be found anywhere.

Chapped hands are quickly cured by applying Chamberlain's Salve. Price, 25 cents. For sale by

The Star Store, Centre Hall; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

STEVENS

YOU LOOK FOR TROUBLE If you obtain a Firearm of doubtful quality

The experienced Hunter's and Marksman's Ideal Is a reliable, unerring STEVENS

FIND OUT WHY by shooting our popular

RIFLES—SHOTGUNS PISTOLS

Ask your local Hardware or Sporting Goods Merchant for the STEVENS. If you cannot obtain, we ship direct, express prepaid, upon receipt of Catalog Price.

Send 4 cents in stamps for 140 Page Illustrated Catalog, including circulars of latest additions to our line. Contains points on shooting, ammunition, the proper care of a firearm, etc., etc. Our attractive Ten Color Lithographed Hanger mailed anywhere for six cents in stamps.

J. STEVENS ARMS & TOOL CO. P. O. Box 4097 Chicopee Falls, Mass., U. S. A.

CENTRE HALL HIGH SCHOOL.

The High School Course Indorsed by State Superintendent Schaeffer—Benefit to Township Scholars.

The course mapped out by Prof. C. R. Neff, principal of the Centre Hall High School, has received the endorsement of State Superintendent of Public Instruction N. C. Schaeffer, and if the course is adhered to and the work actually done, the borough school district will be entitled to its quota of an extra appropriation from the state school funds. This sum will be due as soon as a report of the actual work can be filed after the close of the present school term, or in other words, this extra appropriation will be paid next year some time between June and September.

The citizens of the borough, and especially those having children of school age, have a part to perform in this work. It is up to these to see that the scholars attend school regularly, and devote sufficient time to study to cover the required work.

By having the High School course approved by the State School authorities, making the Centre Hall High School a legally constituted high school, residents of the adjoining townships may send their children to this school and oblige the township school board to pay the tuition, instead of paying it themselves.

THREE YEAR COURSE.

FIRST YEAR.

MATHEMATICS: Elementary Algebra, Arithmetic.
SCIENCE: Physical Geography.
CIVICS: Civil Goverment.
ENGLISH: Rhetoric, Composition.
HISTORY: History of England.
LATIN: First year in Latin.

SECOND YEAR.

MATHEMATICS: Higher Algebra through Quadratic Equations.
SCIENCE: Botany, Zoology.
HISTORY: General History, through Modern.
ENGLISH: English Literature, Classics, Composition.
LATIN: Four books Caesar's Gallic Wars, or its equal
BOOKKEEPING.

THIRD YEAR.

MATHEMATICS: Higher Algebra, Plane Geometry, Commercial Arithmetic.
SCIENCE: Physics, Astronomy or Chemistry.
HISTORY: General History.
ENGLISH: Higher Lessons in English Grammar, Composition, Reviews.

Marriage Licenses.

James G. Winkleblech, Rebersburg
Elsie N. Grimes, Coburn
Michael F. Hess, Fiedler
Ellen Holdeman, Fiedler
John H. Decker, Coburn
Rosetta E. Long, Millheim
Arthur H. Bosworth, Buffalo
Alice E. Buck, Unionville

LOCALS.

Miss Anna Sweeney, of Boalsburg, was the guest of Mrs. Lizzie Jacobs, in Centre Hall, beginning of this week.

Miss Florence Rhone, of Centre Hall, is spending this week with her sister Miss May, at Harrisburg, and with friends at Lancaster and Sunbury.

James H. Smeltzer, of Centre Hall, the railroad section foreman, has been unable to perform his duties during the past week, although not confined to bed.

W. P. Shubenhaupt, of Harrisburg, is introducing a horse and cattle powder compounded by himself. He is canvassing Potter township with W. H. Lee, of Colyer.

May be next year, or the next, or the year after, the Reporter will be able to tell who the murderer of Mr. Dale was. It is quite an easy matter to form an opinion in such matters, but an insurmountable proposition to substantiate opinions by positive evidence.

Many of the Reporter readers, when forwarding subscription by mail or paying personally, make kind references to the paper, but the little note received from Mrs. Susan Hetrick, of Milroy, has the ring to it that makes the editor feel as though his paper was worth the money. The note read: "You will find enclosed two dollars for which please send the Reporter for two years."

After suffering from a bruise on his cheek for some months, James Harshbarger, of Potters Mills, went to Philadelphia recently and had an operation performed by Dr. Martin. Last spring Mr. Harshbarger was handling a colt, and the animal threw his head around and struck him on the cheek, dividing into shreds the tissue over the molar or cheek bone. Dr. Martin laid open the flesh and scraped the portion of the affected bone.

Among the visitors from the west is Jacob Stiffler, of Red Oak, Illinois, who is making his headquarters with his sister, Mrs. Mary Colyer, in Centre Hall. Mr. Stiffler has been in Illinois for thirty years, and during that time engaged in railroading and farming. He is at present on a 200 acre farm, and keeps a large number of cattle and hogs. During the past ten and one-half months the twenty-two cows he keeps have earned him $1132, or $51 50 per cow. This does not include the value of the skimmed milk which is fed to hogs at a good profit. Like in the east, farm products took a tumble in Illinois, and oats, which sold at fifty cents is now being marketed at thirty-six cents; old corn, 60 cents; new corn, 46 cents; hay about $13 00. Mr. Stiffler is married to an Onio lady, who with her sons are taking care of the farm during his absence.

LOCALS.

Montgomery & Company are advertising holiday goods.

Mr. and Mrs. James I. Lytle moved into their new residence at State College a few days ago. It is a large brick structure with all the modern conveniences, and one of the handsomest homes in that borough.

Farmers just got a "wee bit" of the prosperity wave that was going over the states during the past few years, and now what a kick there is coming. The farmer has been obliged to pay the advanced prices for every article he bought, but if he makes the attempt to put up his own product the consumer begins to pull his hair in desperation. These are strange conditions, but facts. Hang out for top prices, Mr. Farmer, as long as you must pay top prices for the goods you buy.

Spring Mills.

Mrs. Wilbur Else, of Williamsport, spent a few days with her aunt, Mrs. M. B. Herring.

Mrs. Robert Mensch, of Aaronsburg, was a guest at the C. E. Royer home over Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Wolf came home from Bellefonte, accompanied by Mr. Burrows.

Harry Ruhl, wife and baby are visiting Mrs. Susan Ruhl, the former's mother.

The hunters of this place are preparing to spend a few weeks in the Seven Mountains.

Communion services will be held in the Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon. Preparatory services Saturday afternoon.

The teachers in this place are busy preparing for Institute.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Brown last week.

Misses Mable Finkle and Ruth McCool are on the sick list.

Domer Emerick returned home from Altoona.

Charles Campbell is on a visit to Williamsport.

Too Good to Miss.

"Theater audiences have improved in recent years," said a manager. "Why, with provincial touring companies in the past maltreatment was regularly expected. In fact, the companies profited by it in more ways than one.

"I know of a company that was playing 'The Broken Vow' in Paint Rock, a one night stand. The audience didn't like 'The Broken Vow,' and eggs, cabbages and potatoes rained upon the stage.

"Still the play went on. The hero raved through his endless speeches, dodging an onion or a baseball every other minute and pretty sore from those missiles that he hadn't been able to dodge.

"But finally a gallery auditor in a paroxysm of rage and scorn hurled a heavy boot, and the actor, thoroughly alarmed, started to retreat.

"'Keep on playing, you fool,' hissed the manager from the wings as he hooked in the boot with an umbrella. 'Keep on till we get the other one.'"

How a Tree Grows.

Both earth and air are required for the growth of a plant or tree. The roots absorb moisture from the soil, which, in the form of a watery fluid called common sap, rises through the fibers of the last deposited annular ring, traversing all the branches and leaf stalks until it reaches the leaves; there it undergoes a change by the absorption of carbonic acid from the air. It then travels downward again in the form of proper sap, just underneath the bark, which is expanded by the accession of moisture and in the cavity so formed a new layer of material is deposited which gradually hardens and forms a new annular ring. And so, from absorbing the moisture and minerals of the soil and the carbonic acid of the air the tree goes on until it finishes its cycle and dies.—New York American.

Jack Tar at a Christening.

A sailor went up to the font to have his baby baptized. Sailors as a class claim little stock in babies, and naturally enough this one presented the infant feet foremost.

"The other way," said the minister, and accordingly Jack turned the infant upside down.

"Excuse me," said the clergyman, "I mean the other way." So back came the embryo foretopman to the first position, to the discouragement of everybody.

"Wind it, Jack," said the nautical assistant, and with an "Aye, aye, sir," Jack promptly turned the baby end for end, and it was duly christened head first.—"On a Man-of-war."

The Alternative.

The Count—Doctor, I have such a fearfully bad cough. What can I do for it? Doctor—Well, sir, you must remember that you are no longer in your first youth and you must take care of your general health. So you had better leave off smoking; take no alcohol in any form and do not excite yourself in any way; do not— The Count—The mischief, doctor; what am I to do then? Nothing but cough?—Lustige Blatter.

The Virginia Plover.

The most wonderful bird flight noted is the migratory achievement of the Virginia plover, which leaves its haunts in North America and, taking a course down the Atlantic, reaches the coast of Brazil in one unbroken flight of fifteen hours, covering a distance of over 3,000 miles at the rate of four miles a minute.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 per year.

Holiday Gifts...

AT THE OLD PRICES

No Advance Prices Here

Suit Cases and Bags--all sizes.
Trunks--large sizes and steamers.
Pajamas and Night Robes--cotton and domets.
Shirts--with and without cuffs, white or fancies.
Handkerchiefs--cotton, linen, silk, initial.
Umbrellas--cotton, gloria and silk.
Neckwear--in the greatest variety.
Gloves--the best made, mocha, kid, fur, and wool, for Men, Women and Children.
Hats--soft and stiff.
Clothing--for Men, Boys and Children.
Pennants--State, High School, Academy.
Hosiery--Men, Women and Children, wool and silk.
Cuff Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons.
Ingersoll $1.00 Watches and $1.00 Chains, Sweaters, Big Neck, V-Neck and Button.

Remember, No Advance in Prices

Montgomery & Co.
Bellefonte

PHOTOGRAPHIC HEADQUARTERS

...Smith's New Studio...

AT STATE COLLEGE

GREAT BARGAINS IN CAMERAS—NEW & SECOND HAND.

If you are interested, get in touch with Headquarter Prices. We are agent for the best cameras on the market to-day, viz: The Century Grand, the Premo, Eastman Kodak, the Graflex, the Blair Hawk Eye, etc. We can easily show that the Century Grand is superior to any plate camera on the field to-day. The Eastman Kodak for roll film has a world-wide reputation, The Premo film pack and plate camera is highly endorsed by the U. S. Government. Uncle Sam says it's good enough for him. The Graflex camera is unique, in that it shows the picture on the ground glass full sized and non-reversed. It's *the* camera for the most rapid motion pictures and Press Reporters use it almost exclusively.

All these firms are controlled by the Eastman Kodak Co., and the name of Eastman stands as a synonim for all things good in Photography. We are sole agent for all their goods at State College and you will find the goods right and prices ditto.

We are prepared with a first-class equipment for copying and enlarging interior and outside work. Do you want a family group at your home? Do you want your residence photographed? Have you any blooded stock of which you would like a picture? Just call us up by phone, and we can make you anything you want in this line. We make a specialty of all kinds of Photographic work at your home. In short, we can give you all that's newest and best in Photography. We solicit your patronage, and guarantee you a square deal and full value for every dollar of your money.

W. W. SMITH

PHOTOGRAPHIC HEADQUARTERS

STATE COLLEGE, PA.

SHOES SHIRTS

We have on hand a large number of the celebrated Keith's Konqueror Shoes for Men.
Price $2.50 & $3.00

A full line of Men's and Boys' Shirts at 50 cents and $1.00.

Kreamer & Son. Centre Hall

Lend Us Your Ear, Mr. Farmer!
You will never regret it.

TELEPHONE SERVICE IN YOUR HOME
A Protection
A Convenience
A Necessity.

Rates very reasonable. Let us explain our Co-operative plan to you. Telephone, write or call upon the manager.

PENNSYLVANIA TELEPHONE CO
Contract Dept., Bellefonte, Pa.

A nice line of Men's fine

...SHIRTS...

Ladies' Neckwear, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries and Insertions.

F. E. WIELAND, Linden Hall

A strictly high grade Illuminating Oil must make a large, white light, and burn the lamp out dry with strong, firm flame without charring the wick

Family Favorite THE BEST FOR ILLUMINATING

Perfectly safe—150 degrees fire test—water white and odorless—Will not soot or smoke.

BOOKLET SENT FREE

Your Dealer Has It.

WAVERLY OIL WORKS
INDEPENDENT REFINERS
PITTSBURG, PA.

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that an application for charter will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on Friday, the 15th day of November, A. D. 1907, by J. G. Spangler, Wallace Wilson and A. Walters under an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 24, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called PENNS VALLEY ELECTRIC COMPANY. The character and object whereof is the supplying of light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the Borough of Millheim, in the County of Center, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, firms, associations and corporations therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,
C. C. BREWSTER, Solicitors.

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that an application for charter will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on Friday, the 15th day of November, A. D. 1907, by J. G. Spangler, Wallace Wilson and John Meyer, under an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 24, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called CENTRE HALL ELECTRIC COMPANY. The character and object whereof is the supplying of light, heat and power to the public in the Borough of Centre Hall, in the County of Centre, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, firms, associations and corporations therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,
C. C. BREWSTER, Solicitors.

Winter Goods

Anyone wishing to see a very nice line of Dress Goods, Men's Women and Children's Underwear or Outing Night Gowns, Woolen and Cotton Blankets and Comforts, Children's Headwear, a fine assortment of Horse Blankets, call at

H. F. ROSSMAN
SPRING MILLS, PA.

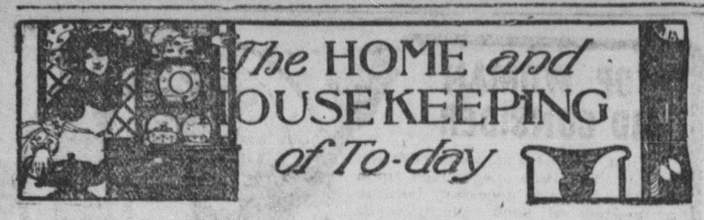
...The Index...
Bellefonte, Pa.

Why Not Books For Christmas?

No reason at all why you should not give Books for Christmas.
They are acceptable always.
They are convenient.
They are inexpensive.
The INDEX has put in stock so complete an assortment of book as to suit any taste or purse.

Think it over.

...The Index...



SANITARY INSPECTORS.

England is finding out that women make excellent sanitary inspectors, and quite a number of them are now poking around officially in the various boroughs of London, trying to save the poor and the overcrowded from the fate that is always hanging over them. An English sanitary inspector is a sort of combination of a New York factory inspector and a tenement house inspector, with a few additional duties thrown in. The inspector not only visits tenement houses, model dwellings and dwelling that are not model, factories laundries and offices where women are employed, but she may be required to teach mothers how to take care of their babies. The borough of Southwark, in London, has three women inspectors, and there are fourteen boroughs that have two women inspectors each and seven with one apiece.

Some enthusiastic believers in the sex say that women make better inspectors than men—that men have no eye for dirt. That is not true. Many men are quick to see dirt and disorder, and hate it, as many wives can testify. Men have got that reputation of indifference to dirt because of the way they growl at housecleaning time, but their growls do not mean that they love dirt more—only that they love the process of cleaning less. Women are probably no better sanitary inspectors than men, but they are just as good.—New York Tribune.

BRIEFS FOR SCOLDING MOTHERS.

When you feel cross take a mouthful of water and retain it. The irritability will soon cease.

Resolve to control your voice. When whirlwinds of cross words assail you speak kindly, slowly and with deliberation. Compel yourself to be pleasant.

Never nag.

When you refuse, refuse finally. When you consent, consent cordially.

Commend your child often. One word of commendation goes further than a whole cyclone of hasty words.

Soon you will have gained control over your own spirit—the dynamo for the scolding supply, and the switch to that battery, will be turned off forever, while the energy wasted in scolding will be changed into good-management material.

You are now, instead of a continuous menace to yourself and your family, a sweet and permanent joy to your household.

Solomon's comparison. "A continual dropping on a rainy day and a contentious woman," no longer applies to you.

The same force that makes the thunderstorm makes a beautiful, bright day. Use your force sanely.—Helen Vail Wallace, in the New York World.

FEES FOR SINGERS.

In the past very large fees have been paid to celebrated vocalists, the record hitherto being, it is said, the £1,000 check handed nightly to Adelina Patti by Col. Mapleson, during the prima donna's engagement at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York. Christine Nilsson received £400 nightly; Marcelle Sembrich, £300; Campanini, £200, and Mme. Schalchi, £200. The only real rival of Patti, Mme. Frezzolini, a generous and romantic-souled woman, born by some mistake of nature in the most material of all the centuries, would never accept more than £40 a night. In this respect La Frezzolini resembled the painter who, when at the height of his renown, never sold a picture for more than £200, declaring that "a piece of colored canvas cannot possibly be worth more." However this may be, even Patti's fees have been surpassed today. And by whom, think you? By a man, a tenor, Enrico Caruso, "the divine," who comes forward to the footlights, sings his little song, and so, in his leanest years, make a minimum income of £36,000! Alone among professional performers does Paderewski, with his annual average of £30,000, come anywhere near this.—Tit-Bits.

TO WALK WELL.

Don't drag your feet or fling them, nor lag nor stride. Learn to glide into a room gracefully.

It is impossible for a woman to be awkward in her walk if she walks straight and keeps her knees stiff. The act of swinging her feet out gives one a graceful gait.

Walk slowly. Skirts wind around your calves when you walk rapidly, and all semblance of grace is lost. Walk in a leisurely manner, as if you were a princess, not a hurried, worried, overworked woman.

Don't swing your shoulders.

Don't swing your arms.

Don't twist yourself in sinuous motions. Don't contort. Don't wriggle, says Woman's Life.

Hold your chin in. This is the most important thing of all.

Don't walk, nor look, nor act like an old person. There are no old persons in these days. Touch the ground first with the balls of your feet, with the heels striking an instant later.

LADY IN WAITING.

The daily papers have announced that Lady Salisbury has been appointed a lady in waiting to the queen, in the place of Lady Emily Kingscote, who has resigned that office. Lady Emily Kingscote was not "lady in waiting," but she was a woman of the bedchamber. The office of lady of the bedchamber can be held only by a peeress. Lady Emily was appointed to the queen's household in 1863, directly after her marriage, and she has held office ever since. Lady Emily is a daughter of the first Earl Howe and a sister of the late Duchess of Beaufort and of the late Lady Westmorland. She is the second wife of Sir Nigel Kingscote, who was Liberal member for West Gloucestershire from 1852 until 1885, and afterward for ten years a commissioner of woods and forests. He was for seven years a groom in waiting to Queen Victoria, and is now an extra equerry to the king. Sir Nigel served for many years in the Scots Guards, and he was an aide-de-camp to his relative, Lord Raglan, in the Crimea. The Kingscotes have lived in Gloucestershire since the reign of Henry II.—Truth.

DROPPING HIGH-PRICED TAILORS.

Fashionable tailors for women with expensive establishments in Fifth avenue and other thoroughfares where the rents are high have complained recently that the number of society women who patronize them is beoming smaller each year. Strange as it may seem, it is true, nevertheless, that the women of wealth, while they buy many useless things, are as keen after low prices as their poorer sisters. Time was when a society woman would have scorned to have her clothing made by any one except a tailor recognized as catering only to the fashionable set. Now women like Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Astor, Mrs Goelet and many others have all their garments made in the side streets. They have found the prices less where the rents are lower, and as the wardrobes of all are extensive they have saved hundreds of dollars each year. The customers of the highly expensive women's tailors now are mostly women on the fringe of the social set, actresses and those who have acquired their wealth recently.—New York Press.

A HOMELY TRIBUTE.

"She always kept the salt and pepper shakers filled and plenty of soap in the bathroom." Such is the homely, but expressive tribute that is to be cut on the tombstone of a Kansas woman. She may have made pleated shorts for the Fiji Islanders, but not till after she had sewed the buttons on her husband's shirt, darned the socks for the family, and taken scrupulous care to have her children looking as tidy and happy as an orphan asylum on holiday parade. Because homes and charity bazars had no attraction for her mind like the duties of her own household. The salt and the soap, emblems of purity and cleanliness, are indicative of a life that was careful, thoughtful, useful.—Nashville American.

THE WIFE'S EARNINGS.

In France a wife's earnings belong to her husband. If a woman earns a dollar by washing and ironing, or hundreds of dollars by a great painting or a popular novel, every cent of it belongs to her husband. If she should happen to get possession of the money and put it in a bank, she could not draw it out without his written consent. It belongs to him to do with as he wills. He don't have to get her consent to draw it out or spend it either. For fourteen years the women of France have been working for a law to give wives the control of their own earnings.—American Cultivator.

A PRETTY YOUNG GIRL.

A young girl's complexion no rouge can imitate. The soft light in a young girl's eyes no eyedrops can improve. The natural wave of a young girl's hair no curling iron can make more attractive.

When a woman becomes really old the same fact applies. A gray-haired woman, whose face shows the lines of a useful, happy life, whose eyes tell the story of the children whom she has lovingly brought up, whose wrinkles are signs of her thoughts for others, whose life has been spent making the world that much better, is as beautiful as a young girl is pretty.—Editorial in the New York World.

FASHION NOTES.

Large, life-size white lilies ornament immense hats of white velvet.

Silk and linen fabrics are used as trimming on wool gowns.

The bow at the neck is centred with a big plain buckle of the sort used on pump bows.

Among the new trimmings there are bands of colored silk filet heavy with self-colored embroidery.

Alternate panels of bias and straight striped silk make effective skirts for semi dress wear.

Light facings in drooping brimmed dark hats and dark facings in light hats often render becoming a model which might otherwise be unbecoming, but contrast facings are by no means the rule.

Simple, legible lettering for embroidering is more unaffected and dignified than intricate hieroglyphics.

Photographing Invisible Objects by Invisible Light

By Professor E. G. Conklin.

To be able to photograph wholly invisible objects by wholly invisible light is a new and striking development of microscopy. Hitherto microscopes have been constructed for use with visible light only, largely with the yellow, green and blue rays of the spectrum, and they have been used chiefly for direct observation Recently a microscope has been perfected by Dr. August Koehler, at the Carl Zeiss Optische Werkstatte, Jena, Germany, which can be used only with the ultraviolet light; and since this light is not directly visible to the human eye, it must be rendered visible by the use of fluorescent screens of photographic plates. The difficulties in the use of ultraviolet light with high magnifications of the microscope are great, but if they can be overcome this new departure will mark one of the greatest of all modern improvements in the microscope; indeed, it will actually double the capacity of the best microscopes using visible light.

The full significance of such an improvement will be apparent to all who have used a microscope. Hitherto every marked improvement in this instrument has been followed by an era of notable discoveries, and there can be no doubt that this will continue to be the case. Beyond the utmost reach of the best modern microscope is an unseen world, whose objects are the elements of the world we see and whose exploration may be expected to throw light upon some of the most fundamental problems of science. In biology it is probable that such an improvement in the microscope would be followed by important discoveries as to the structure of the living substance of animals and plants, the cellular basis of heredity and evolution, the existence and structure of micro-organisms, and, in general, the intimate causes of vital phenomena Whether these and many other unforeseen discoveries will actually follow the construction of the ultraviolet microscope will depend largely upon the question whether this instrument can be made sufficiently practicable to come into general use.—Harper's Magazine.

Loss by Theft Twice That by Fire

By R. U. Vigilant.

My attention has been called frequently to the large number of robberies and thefts occurring in New York city and its suburbs. Upon looking up this matter more clearly the following startling results were obtained: The loss by theft for the year 1906 was more than $16,000,000, or twice the loss by fire, while the 35,000 robberies for the same year exceed the number of fires by 300 per cent. Of this large number of robberies only 1,764 arrests followed. While New York city is not an exception, as Pittsburg, Chicago and most of the large cities are confronted by the same problem, yet the fact remains that some extreme measures should be taken in order to prevent such loss.

The citizen takes such measures for protection as are within his means. He secures a strong box or safe, and in addition he has his house wired with the latest burglar alarms, but even then he is not immune. He may even take out burglary insurance, but in case of loss, should he secure the full intrinsic value of his goods, nevertheless he will still be a considerable loser, as there is no compensation for the loss of heirlooms and jewelry, which invariably have a sentimental value far in excess of their mere cost. After he has taken these precautions, naturally he would hope, with proper police protection, to be immune. To his sorrow he awakes some morning to find how inadequate are these precautions and this protection.

Considering the large amount of money expended annually by the city for the personal security of its citizens and the protection of their property, the results are most unsatisfactory. In fact, owing to the steady increase of crime in its various phases it behooves the city government immediately to investigate its police department, to the end that the city may receive the proper protection for which it so liberally pays.—From the New York Times.

The Difficulties In Arbitration

By William Lindsay Scruggs.

It is going to be some time yet before an enlightened public sentiment will be strong enough to demand that the principle of arbitration be extended to all classes of disputes as a substitute for war. Its advocates are not fanatics; they are not expecting the millennium. They do not forget that "the tiger element" in man is far from being extinct. They do not overlook the fact that military glory will continue to be coveted so long as it gives the surest passport to civic preferment; and that even the most unjust wars are likely to be popular so long as they are successful. But "the iron law" of progressive development from lower to higher forms can not be annulled, and it applies as well to the intellectual and moral realm as to the material or physical. Hence it is only a question of time when reason will triumph over brute force.

Only a few years ago, when the first Pan-American Congress recommended the reference of all international disputes to arbitration, the scheme was characterized as "visionary and impracticable." It even provoked ridicule. But it prepared the way for the first Hague Conference, which resulted in the first organized effort to establish a permanent international tribunal, open to all litigant nations. As the years pass, an enlightened public sentiment will demand the enlargement of the powers and functions of that tribunal; and although the present generation may never see it, perhaps the next may witness the establishment of a World Supreme Court, with recognized authority as to nations similar to that of our own court of last resort with respect to the membership of our federal Union. Then, but not before, the art of wholesale murder, now dignified by a less offensive term, will become unpopular, and the services of the soldier and martinet will be discounted by those of the statesman and the diplomat.—From The World Today.

Own Your Farm.

What An Intelligent and Industrious Man Accomplished In Ten Years.

By H. W. Swope, of Todd, Pa.

In the year 1897 I leased a farm for one year, with the privilege of renewal for five years. By careful management and by giving our crops and animals good attention at the expiration of two and one-half years I had $600 in cash. I then left this farm and bought forty acres at $1,450, giving bonds for $850, divided into three equal annual payments. My wife and I set about doing thing as owners, planting trees, building and repairing, draining low land and subsoiling the elevated clay land with coulters in the furrow of the surface plough; and by the use of a limited amount of commercial fertilizer and all available manure spread lightly, and harrowed in ahead of the crops, we managed to get a fair yield of grain and a good catch of red clover. Now we had caught up in the spring of 1903, with the opportunity of buying thirty acres more land alongside for $1,200.

The land was badly run down clay. The crops were not worth harvesting, but I knew this land contained sufficient mineral elements to grow good crops if they could be made soluble and be kept so long enough for the crop. With this point in view I set about adding humus in every way possible along with intensive cultivation, and this barren soil brought a surprise to all our neighbors by outcropping their good lands. Now our sales of farm produce, with poultry and eggs included, go above $1,200 per annum; besides we grow most of our table supplies. Now, in 1907, the farm is paid for and we have been offered more than twice the purchase price for it.

Now, young reader, your chance is equal to mine. Rely on your own resources, keep in touch with advancement, and go ahead and you will surely win.—New York Tribune Farmer.

Water From Pennsylvania Mines.

Over 500,000,000 gallons of water are pumped out of the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania every day in the year. The exact average for 1905 was 633,000,000 gallons a day. Nearly 1,000 powerful engines, delivering from mine bottom to surface 500,000 gallons of water a minute, are required. Mines may be shut down and coal production suspended, but the water flows on forever. According to The Iron Age, the cost of removing it is one of the important items of expense that make up the price of anthracite.

Despite the gradual dwindling of the Turkish territory in Europe, Turkey is still a power to be reckoned with. She has a large and well-trained army, and the Turkish soldier has few equals and no superior in fighting qualities among the soldiery of Europe, insists the New Orlean Picayune. Before Russia can think of driving the Turk from his present foothold in Europe she will have to get rid of internal dissensions and put her army and navy again in something like fighting trim, for the Moslem is determined to make his last stand in Europe an event memorable in history.

PEGGY'S THANKSGIVING

By Mrs. A. M. Copeland.

It was a dilapidated hovel, situated on a rear street on the edge of a bare common, where unsightly heaps of rubbish were deposited. A little, low, tumbled-down affair, with mossy caves, under which the swallows build their nests, and over the roof of which a tall spruce, with brown and dry branches, towered.

The chill November wind whistled about it, sighing down the chimney, and ingress in many a crack around window and door. There dwelt Mrs. Grant and her little granddaughter, Peggy. Mrs. G. was a little, withered old lady, with a placid face and kindly smile. She was very poor, partly supported by the town, and eking out her slender income by means of knitting, braiding mats and sewing carpet rags, for the busy housewives of the village.

Peggy was a bright, little girl of eight summers, much attached to her grandmother, and a favorite at the village school, notwithstanding her patched dress, dilapidated shoes and faded hood. Everyone had a kind word for her, and many a rosy-cheeked apple or crisp cookie was slipped into her basket, to eke out her dinner of cold johnny-cake, by her more favored companions.

School was out, and a merry group were putting on their wraps in the hallway and discussing the coming festival, so dear to every New England child.

The Turkey's Revenge.

"I think Thanksgiving is just one of the best times of the year, don't you, Peggy?" asked a little roly-poly girl about her own age, as she tied her red hood about her rosy face.

"I don't know; we never had Thanksgiving at our house," replied the little girl, who had been listening with wide-open eyes to the tales of roast turkey, chicken pies and frosted cake.

"Never had Thanksgiving, Peggy—why don't you?"

"Granny's too poor, she can't afford it."

"Sure enough. I didn't think about that," and Hattie Miller turned homeward with a thoughtful face and preoccupied air.

All the evening she seemed to be engaged in studying some problem, and said good-night very gravely. But the next morning she came bounding into the dining room with a radiant face.

"Oh, mamma!" she exclaimed, "do you know Peggy Grant says they never have Thanksgiving at her house, her grandma is so poor, isn't it too bad?"

"I never thought of it before, dear. I'm sorry."

"But, mamma, I've got a plan in my head."

"I'm afraid this curly pate cannot keep it long," returned her mother, affectionately smoothing her hair.

"Well, you see, we school children all love Peggy, and I'm going to ask them all to give their pocket money, and we'll buy her a new dress and shoes for a Thanksgiving present; then we can each spare a few of our toys, for I don't s'pose she has any; and if you grown folks would only make a little feast for them, they can have a nice Thanksgiving."

Mrs. Miller smiled as she kissed the little, earnest face upturned to her.

"I'll do my part, and thank my little girl for giving me a hint. I think if you get your schoolmates interested in your plan, their papas and mammas will be glad to help, and we will make Peggy and her grandmother happy for one day at least."

"Oh, thank you, mamma," and Hattie sat down to her breakfast with a very happy face.

She hastened early to school, calling on the way upon several of her schoolmates, and enlisted them in her plan. She met with good success in all her appeals, even the older scholars promised to help the matter along, and a sum of money was raised far exceeding Hattie's most sanguine expectations.

This was judiciously expended at the village store by Mrs. Miller, who enlisted the sympathies of the merchant in the scheme, and materials for several serviceable garments were purchased, the garments cut out and some young ladies offered to make them up.

Poor Peggy looked sorrowful at the happy faces of her schoolmates during the week, thinking it was the anticipated enjoyment of the coming Thanksgiving that made them so gleeful, and she wondered why they became so silent when she approached a group of them chatting away in the corner.

Thanksgiving morning dawned clear and cold. Mrs. Grant and Peggy ate their frugal breakfast, and with a sigh the elder lady put away the remnants, thinking of the many happy circles that would assemble around festive boards, and she could not afford an extra article of food that day. When the church bell sounded she laid aside her knitting, donned her old, rusty, bombazine dress and crape bonnet, that had served her many a year, and taking Peggy's hand set out for church; first covering the fire to save the little fuel in the stove until their return. The air was keen, and penetrated their thin garments, but the church would be warm—they could take seats near the stove—and as Parson Harvey's sermons were lengthy, they would have two good hours of warmth.

As the little black bonnet passed on its way, it was watched by a score of bright eyes; and as it disappeared through the church door, there was a general doffing of hoods and cloaks, and a bevy of young girls came out of the different houses, bearing baskets, pails and bundles, and took their way to the dilapidated hovel.

A load of wood, that had been waiting on the outskirts of the village, was driven to the door and unloaded, and half a dozen young men with saws and axes began to demolish it, while a corps of little boys packed it neatly under a tumble-down shed in the rear.

Meanwhile, within doors, the girls were busy transforming the cheerless apartment into one of comfort. The bare floor was partly covered with some strips of half-worn carpet—two or three cheap prints in rustic frames, with some wreaths of evergreen, gave the dingy walls a homelike look. Opposite the door the word "Thanksgiving," in evergreen, was placed. A bright fire was burning in the little stove, and the teakettle singing away as if it entered into the spirit of the occasion. The old table was drawn into the middle of the room, covered with a snowy cloth and the widow's scanty array of crockery arranged to the best advantage upon it, while baskets, pails and bundles gave up their store of goodies to fill it.

As the time for the close of service drew near, they finished their work and left for their respective homes watching with dancing eyes, Mrs Grant and Peggy as they trudged demurely homeward.

As they reached their little domicile and opened the door of the kitchen, both uttered an exclamation of astonishment. The old lady sank into a chair and rubbed her eyes thinking they were playing her some trick, while Peggy cried:

"Oh, granny, the fairy folks have been here!"

The table was set for two. A roast turkey occupied the place of honor, flanked by a chicken pie and a dish of scalloped oysters, while vegetables, bread and butter, pies and cakes of various kinds, and dishes of fruit filled the board, and a pot of coffee bubbling on the stove sent forth a delicious odor.

"Oh, granny, is it all a dream, and shall I wake up soon?" asked Peggy, her eyes swimming with tears.

"I don't know, dearie, what it all means; but here's a note," and taking a folded paper from the table, she read:

"A Thanksgiving dinner for Mrs. Grant and Peggy, from their numerous friends."

"Thank the Lord for such friends who remember the widow and orphan," said Mrs. Grant, wiping her eyes.

"Oh, granny, see here!" shouted Peggy, pointing to the bureau, on which was arranged an assortment of toys and picture-books, a crimson merino dress, sack and hood, with a neat pair of gaiters. A card, with this inscription, lay by their side:

"Peggy Grant, from her schoolmates."

We must not dwell upon the pleasures of that day; it was the richest in Peggy's existence, and in after years, when she moved in the best circles in society, she looked back with a warm feeling at her heart to that Thanksgiving Day.—New York Weekly.

TIED TO A CHAIR.

Unable to Move About On Account of Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. Anna Beebe, River and Monroe streets, Anoka, Minn., says: "I had to sit in a chair day after day unable to move about on account of rheumatic pains in my back, hips and legs. I was short of breath and my heart would flutter after the least exertion. I had dizzy spells and bearing down pains and the kidney secretions were much disordered. I thought I would not live long, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills I am a different woman, can do my own work and have no more fear of those troubles."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Foolish Fellow!

Mrs. Newwed—Are these eggs as fresh as the ones I got from you last week?

The Grocer—Oh, yes'm. Some of the same lot, ma'am. I've been keeping 'em for you.—Pick-Me-Up.

Easy For Them.

"I always seem to attract the married men," said the sweet young thing.

"Perhaps it's because they can talk to you without having to think."—Chicago Record-Herald.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Maine Prayer.

A little girl in Auburn, Me., recently made her go-to-bed prayer in these words: "Dear God, be awfully careful of Yourself, for if we should lose You we have nobody but the President, and papa does not like the way he acts."—N. Y. Sun.

Nathan Straus, an Eastern philanthropist, has established in New York City a series of milk booths where pure sterilized milk is sold to the poor for one cent a bottle. Absolute antiseptic cleanliness is required by him in all branches of the enterprise. In cleansing the milk bottles he uses two things—hot water and Borax. The glistening bottles testify to the effectiveness of this method.

Remarkable Effect Of An Explosion.

Mrs. John Lis, living in Washington County, was badly burned in a peculiar manner yesterday afternoon.

In attempting to build a fire in a hurry she took up what she supposed was an oil can, but instead it contained powder. She threw on a liberal quantity, when it exploded. The flesh on the woman's left arm from her elbow down was peeled off better than it could have been done with a surgeon's knife.

On the floor, after the explosion, was what looked like a glove. It was in reality the skin from the woman's arm and hand. All the fingers were perfect, the fingernails coming off with the skin. There was not a break in the cuticule. The woman's entire side was treated in the same manner from her heel to her breast.

Singular enough, there was not an abrasion on arm or leg, and the nail cells were not injured. The woman will recover.—Exchange.

Doctor's Rich Fee From America.

A French nerve doctor was called to treat an American visitor for acute neuralgia. Electricity was applied with excellent results. The patient, gratified, promised to send the doctor a check. The next day the medico was astonished to receive a check for £4,000. He went and asked if a mistake had not been made and received further expressions of gratitude. A few days later the American sent the title deeds for a house near Are de Triomphe of the value of 1,000,000 francs. Gil Blas vouches for the story and says the doctor has just moved into the house given him.—New York Herald.

The Latest Microbe Menace.

Playing cards that have been used again and again would doubtless show on bacteriological examination an appaling selection of micro-organisms, and on enumerating them there surely would be found the organism which works for evil side by side with that which works no mischief.—Lancet.

PLEASANT SUMMER
Right Food the Cause.

A Wis. woman says:

"I was run down and weak, troubled with nervousness and headache for the last six years. The least excitement would make me nervous and cause severe headache.

"This summer I have been eating Grape-Nuts regularly and feel better than for the six years past.

"I am not troubled with headache and nervousness, and weigh more than I ever have before in my life. I gained 5 lbs. in one week."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

"There's a Reason."

State of Pennsylvania

SALARY INCREASE $850,000.

Snyder Act Not As Expensive To Carry Into Effect As Supposed.

Harrisburg (Special).—It is calculated at the Department of Public Instruction that not so much money as was anticipated will be required to carry out the provisions of the Snyder minimum salary act passed at the last legislative session. It will add a little more than $850,000 a year in the aggregate to the salaries of the school teachers of Pennsylvania. This excess over the salaries paid to the teachers last year will be taken out of the increase in the school appropriation from $5,500,000 to $7,500,000 by the recent Legislature. The districts are, however, required to pay their teachers the increased salaries and wait until next June to be reimbursed by the State.

The Legislature set apart out of the increased appropriation $275,000 for the support of township high schools for the two years beginning the first Monday of June next and added $75,000 to the amount heretofore appropriated for two years in aid of these schools. The Legislature also took out of the increased appropriation $230,000 to pay the salaries of the county superintendents of schools.

These several amounts, when deducted from the total increased appropriation, will still leave more than $800,000 additional to be distributed among the 2800 school districts annually in the usual way and can be used after the purposes for which the $5,500,000 heretofore appropriated have been used. This will give every school district in Pennsylvania a larger appropriation during the next two years than they had this year, provided they comply with the school laws and do not suffer a decrease of population.

The Snyder act increases the minimum salary of school teachers from $35 a month to $40 and $50, according to their qualifications and term of service and directly affects between 3,500 and 4,000 teachers.

THAWING DYNAMITE BURSTS.

Thirty Sticks Explode In House And Man Is Injured.

York (Special).—By the explosion of thirty sticks of dynamite in Washington Township, a three-story brick house was blown up and John Gochenour, 70 years old, was injured. The dynamite was to have been used to blow up stumps and was placed above the kitchen stove to thaw.

At the time of the explosion no one was in the house, Mr. Gochenour having just stepped on the door sill. He was hurled backward and the hair was burned from his head and his beard was singed off. The house was completely wrecked.

IRONWORKERS WAGES CUT.

Ten Per Cent. Reduction At Birdsboro Steel Foundry Shops.

Birdsboro (Special).—The Birdsboro Steel Foundry and Machine Company posted notices in all departments of their works of a general reduction of 10 per cent. in wages to take effect on November 16. The reason given is a general depression of business and a cancellaion of orders.

The puddle mill, sheet mill and nail works of the E. & G. Brooke Iron Company has closed down for a lack of orders. This is the first time there has been such a general shut-down for nine years, all the men with the exception of the watchman being laid off.

Lancaster Also Objects To Noise.

Lancaster (Special).—An ordinance has been introduced in city councils the purpose of which is to abate the phonograph and electric piano nuisance on the streets. The city is being inundated with nickel shows and business men are protesting. Hereafter no building can be used for a theater or show place until the fire department chief and building inspector have approved it.

Four Houses Burned.

Pottstown (Special).—Fire almost totally destroyed a block of four houses, owned by Joseph Bechtel and J. H. Bleim. Fanned by a high wind the blaze was a stubborn one and it was only after two hours' hard fighting that the firemen got the blaze under control. It was caused by a defective flue in the home of Mrs. Daniel Buck. The loss will aggregate $8,000.

Steady Work For Miners.

Hazleton (Special).—Announcement was made that the mines of all the companies and the individual coal operators will be worked steadily from now until Christmas, when there may be a week's idleness on account of the holidays. Then they will start in again for the winter and work until spring. There is such a demand for coal that the orders can't be filled promptly.

Tablets For Historical Spots.

York, Pa. (Special).—Wilbur C. Kraber, of this city, is at the head of a movement to organize a National Military Memorial Association, to mark historical spots throughout the United States with tablets or monuments. Mr. Kraber has written to prominent men throughout the country, and has interested the Pennsylvania Railroad in the proposed erection of tablets on the Columbia bridge to commemorate the burning of the bridge by the Confederates.

DYNAMITE UNDER BED.

Brick Yard Worker Takes Peculiar Manner To End His Life.

Pittsburg (Special).—Calmly lying down on a bed at his home, John Lectak, aged 50, of Eno Station, near Imperial, drew a comfort over him after lighting a fuse to a stick of dynamite, which he placed under the bed. A moment later a terrible explosion occurred, blowing Lectak into bits, as well as demolishing the bed, all other furniture in the house and completely wrecking the building.

Lectak was employed at a brick yard at Imperial. It is said he had been despondent recently after recovering from a lengthy spree. Lectak waited until the other occupants of the house had left and placed the stick of dynamite under the bed. Then he laid down to await certain and horrible death.

BIGAMIST A GOOD DODGER.

Luke Whittaker Finds Pike County Woods Safe Hiding Place.

Milford (Special).—Luke Whittaker, the Pike County bigamist, who is hiding in the Pike County wilds, is giving the State policemen all the fun they want. A few days ago he was located at Egypt Mills and Constable John Gallagher alone tried to effect his arrest. Whittaker opened fire and the officer wisely concluded to postpone the little affair he had with the notorious young outlaw and seek assistance. Whittaker took to the tall timbers and when the officers returned they found their man had left.

In defiance of the law, Whittaker for nearly seven months has kept the authorities of both Pike and Monroe in hot water. He is playing the Jesse James act to perfection, and the fact that he insists upon making friendly visits to farmer friends and takes an occasional meal with a relative, is most tantalizing to the officers.

Perhaps no man in Pike County knows the many hiding places better than Whittaker, and being a crack shot, only zero weather may induce him to change his present plans of keeping out of the way of his pres- keeping out of the way of his would-be captors.

FIREMEN HURT.

Flames In Norristown Mill Destroy $40,000 Worth Of Property.

Norristown (Special).—Another fire broke out Sunday morning in the stock house of the Eureka Knitting Mills but was soon conquered. After battling with flames there for five hours Saturday night, Chief P. V. Hoy thought that the fire was extinguished at that time.

Forty thousand dollars' worth of stock was destroyed, and Harry Carney, George Fratt, Henry Eckert, John Mack and John Worrall had narrow escapes from death. They were on the fourth floor when the drum of an elevator fell, crashing through the floor.

The firemen dropped fifteen feet and all received painful injuries.

Carney was rescued with difficulty, was unconscious for several hours and had several ribs broken. John Perry, James Burkett and St. Clair Williams were injured by being knocked from a ladder.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Augustus F. Abraham, of Reading, delirious from a long illness, slashed himself in the chest and abdomen with a pocket knife, while his wife lay sleeping beside him. He is not expected to recover.

A movement to keep their places of business closed Sundays is meeting with success among the fresh meat dealers of York.

William Schwartz was probably fatally injured and Del Schwartz, a relative, seriously mangled from the crash when three pushing locomotives ran into a freight train at Simpson, near Scranton. The freight was standing on a siding and when struck toppled over upon a coal train standing close by.

By a fall of roof in the Pine Brook mine of the Scranton Coal Company, two men were seriously and perhaps fatally crushed while a third was slightly injured about the body. The injured men are John Klubair and Joseph Maukrey.

Brooding over family troubles, William H. Kline, 46 years old, of York, took his life by hanging himself Sunday.

Eva, 11-year-old daughter of Edward Snyder, of York, was seriously scalded by the contents of a pan of boiling water pouring over her head and body when she bumped into her grandmother.

Three farmers, of Colerain Township, Lancaster County, were shot by a rabbit hunter. The injured men are John Himes and William and John Kunkle.

W. L. Foote, of Wilkes-Barre, general outside superintendent of the Delaware & Hudson Coal Company for the past forty years, has resigned and will be succeeded by Dwight T. Thorpe, of Carbonville, outside foreman of the Leggett's Creek Colliery, of the company.

Caught in the scraper line at Greenwood Colliery, Joseph Gotrovy, aged 20 years, of Coaldale, was crushed to death.

Through a rear door a thief entered the Fountain House Hotel yards, Doylestown, Sunday night, and stole a valuable team belonging to John Emmerson, of Tradesville, while its owner was at church.

The Sechler Fertilizing Company will rebuild the drying plant at Espy, recently destroyed by fire. The new plant will be built of steel and concrete, cost $50,000 and will give employment to forty men.

POLICE STOP HUNT.

Neighbors Regard N. L. Donley As Not Responsible.

Renovo (Special).—The people of this place are reluctantly coming to the conclusion that the murderer of little Mary Donley, who was strangled to death, is at last in the hands of the law. They are, however, less vindictive than they were, their desire for vengeance being tempered by the fact that the man now under arrest, William L. Donley, is the uncle of the little victim and not regarded as mentally sound.

They recall of peculiarities of the man and speculate regarding his complete responsibility, the opinion being frequently expressed that he could not have appreciated the awfulness of the crime he is now suspected of, if he really did commit it. There is a disposition among all classes to suspend judgment until the evidence against him is made public.

Donley is 35 years old, a molder by trade, and has been employed in the Pennsylvania shops for a number of years. He is 5 feet, 10 inches tall, has a stooping figure and weighs about 150 pounds. He has dark hair, bluish eyes, a smooth face not at all indicative of his alleged mental deficiency. His general conduct has been good, and although he has indulged somewhat in drink, his associates have been few and of good character.

Naturally of a retiring disposition, he has not sought to any extent the company of women and his neighbors have regarded him as an easy-going, harmless sort of person and a good and steady workman. If he did murder his niece his neighbors say he did the crime when he was not wholly responsible for his acts. Indeed some of his neighbors stoutly deny his guilt.

However, it is significant that the authorities have ceased to look further for the perpetrator of the awful deed and appear to have determined to charge Donley with the crime. That this is their intention is no secret at the county seat. Just what the evidence against the man may be is not yet divulged, but there are rumors of all kinds afloat, the most important being that the gag found in the mouth of the murdered girl was a piece of the shirt worn by Donley on the night of the assault. Another that he was missed from the house at about the same time as little Mary was. Still another that he answers to the description of the man carrying the bundle to the dump by two boys on their way home.

But these rumors and others have not been verified and the people here are in the dark fully as much as when the arrest was made known.

Bank Cashier Dead.

Pottsville (Special).—William T. Tyson, cashier of the Citizens' Bank, and also treasurer of several financial organizations, of St. Clair, died rather suddenly. He was but 28 years of age and the youngest banking official holding such a position of trust in Schuylkill County. He was one of the best all-around athletes which this region ever turned out.

Five Hurt As Scaffold Fell.

Lancaster (Special).—Five bricklayers employed on a new linoleum plant being erected in this city fell thirty-five feet by the breaking of the scaffold. Harry Burns was critically injured and Frank Carl, Robert T. Wade, C. F. Landis and an Italian were taken to a hospital in an unconscious condition. Burn's recovery is uncertain.

Murderer Declared Insane.

Altoona (Special).—Rocco Circullo, convicted of murdering his wife and sentenced to be hanged was declared insane by Morris Guth, superintendent of the insane asylum at Warren, Pa., who made an examination of the prisoner a week ago. Steps will be taken to have Circullo committed to an asylum.

Carnegie Founder's Day Changed.

Pittsburg (Special).—The trustees of the Carnegie Institute has changed Founder's Day, which has always been held on the first Thursday of November to the last Thursday in April. Director John W. Beatty, of the Department of Fine Arts, will start at once for Europe to collect paintings for the International exhibit next April.

Cave-in Wrecks Flyer.

Scranton (Special).—Jersey Central flyer from Philadelphia was wrecked near Pittston at 10.30 o'clock P. M. A mine cave-in caused a settling of the tracks. Engine and cars tumbled over the embankment killing Engineer Johnson and seriously injuring the fireman. Passengers escaped serious injury.

Brakeman Takes His Life.

Easton (Special).—James Burke, aged fifty years, for many years a brakeman on the New Jersey Central Railroad, committed suicide by hanging himself at his home. Three months ago he suffered a sunstroke and his mind has since been affected.

Negro Child Turning White.

York (Special).—The authorities of the Christian Home declare that Anna Hardeman, a 5-year-old negro child that was placed in their charge about one month ago, is turning white. When the child was taken to the institution it is said that her skin was dark and her hair kinked. Since then it has been noticed that she is becoming lighter in color and parts of her face are almost entirely white.

STOP WOMAN AND CONSIDER

First, that almost every operation in our hospitals, performed upon women, becomes necessary because of neglect of such symptoms as Backache, Irregularities, Displacements, Pain in the Side, Dragging Sensations, Dizziness and Sleeplessness.

Second, that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, has cured more cases of female ills than any other one medicine known. It regulates, strengthens and restores women's health and is invaluable in preparing women for child-birth and during the period of Change of Life.

Third, the great volume of unsolicited and grateful testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass. many of which are from time to time being published by special permission, give absolute evidence of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

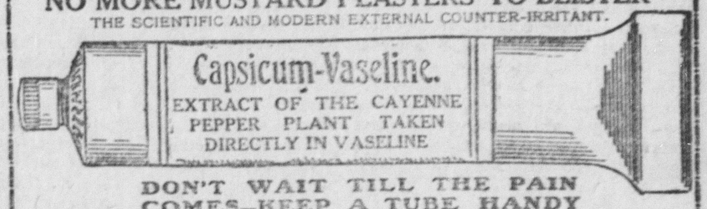
For more than 30 years has been curing Female Complaints, such as Dragging Sensations, Weak Back, Falling and Displacements, Inflammation and Ulceration, and Organic Diseases, and it dissolves and expels Tumors at an early stage.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. for advice. She is the Mrs. Pinkham who has been advising sick women free of charge for more than twenty years, and before that she assisted her mother-in-law, Lydia E. Pinkham in advising. Thus she is especially well qualified to guide sick women back to health. Write today, don't wait until too late.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER

THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.



DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY

A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c. —IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES MADE OF PURE TIN—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS.

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

Send your address and we will mail our Vaseline Booklet describing our preparations which will interest you.

17 State St. **CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.** New York City

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.00 & $3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD

SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.

$25,000 Reward To anyone who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make & sell more Men's $3 & $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer.

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

My $4.00 and $5.00 GILT EDGE Shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. **Take No Substitute.** Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

10,000 TELEGRAPHERS WANTED From this institute before next March. This is an exclusive Telegraph Institute, not a Business Col. lege. In charge of ex-railway officials. Established Twenty-one Years. Main lines of L. & N. R. R. in School-rooms. Positions paying $50 per month and upward absolutely guaranteed our graduates under a $250 Guaranty Bond. You can work for your expenses. Write for Catalog. NATIONAL TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE, Cincinnati, Ohio.

What is home without a good cook? Beware of the man who is always harping about honesty being the best policy.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance: Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Lie and the world lies with you; tell the truth and the world lies about you.

BABY'S ECZEMA GREW WORSE.

Hospitals and Doctors Could Not Relieve Disease—Cuticura Remedies a Speedy, Permanent Cure.

"Eczema appeared when our baby was three months old. We applied to several doctors and hospitals, each of which gave us something different every time, but nothing brought relief. At last, one of our friends recommended to us Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. A few days afterwards improvement could be noted. Since then we have used nothing but Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, and now the baby is six months old and is quite cured. All that we used was one cake of Cuticura Soap and two boxes Cuticura Ointment, costing in all $1.25. C. F. Kara, 343 East 65th Street, New York, March 30, 1906."

Experience is what the wise man waits for and the fool has to pay for.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

Nothing spoils romance so much as a sense of humor in the woman.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. At druggists.

Jealousy is a vine which produces a crop of sour grapes.

20 Mule Team BORAX

All dealers. Sample, Booklet and Parlor Card Game, 10 cents. Pacific Coast Borax Co., New York.

PATENTS Do you wish to know about PATENTS? Do you wish to know about TRADE-MARKS? Do you wish to know about PENSIONS? Do you wish to know about PAY and BOUNTY? Then write to W. H. Wills, Attorney-at-Law (Notary Public), Wills Building, 312 Indiana Avenue, Washington, D. C. 24 years in Washington. Union Soldiers and Sailors—war 1861-5—entitled to pension on age after they reach 62. If pensioner deserts wife she may be entitled to half his pension.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. IT WILL PAY
B N U 46

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

WINCHESTER

CARTRIDGES
For Rifles and Pistols

Winchester make of cartridges in all calibers from .22 to .50 are accurate, sure fire and reliable. In forty years of gun making we have learned many things about ammunition that no one could learn in any other way. When you buy Winchester make of cartridges you get the benefit of this experience

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

PAIN
afflicts every one, somewhere, sometime. Its greatest enemy is
Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
which can be used both internally and externally, and promptly removes pain.
ESTABLISHED 1810.
25c., three times as much 50c. All dealers. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1907

Installation Services.

Services incident to the installation of Rev. B. F. Bieber as pastor of the Centre Hall Lutheran charge, will be held Sunday, November 24th. The ministers appointed by the president of Synod to officiate are Rev. J. M. Rearick, of Salona, and Rev. A. A. Parr, of Lock Haven.

The charge to the people will be delivered in the morning by Rev. Parr, and in the afternoon Rev. Rearick will charge the pastor.

In the evening Rev. Parr will hold services at Georges Valley and Rev. Rearick at the Union.

Georges Valley.

The rain and wind have kept some of the farmers back with their corn husking.

Messrs. H. C. Zerby and Edward Brown spent Saturday in the valley hunting. They were guests of C. A. Barger, who acted as guide.

James Foust and son Elmer, who have been working at Yeagertown the past summer, returned home and will remain until the first of December.

A party of young folks spent Sunday afternoon on the mountain.

Rev. B. F. Bieber, of Centre Hall, was a caller among his members here last week.

The American Literary Society has changed the time of its meetings from Monday night to Tuesday night of each week.

At this writing Mrs. Wm. Lingle is very ill.

Sunday afternoon as A. V. Lingle, C. A. Barger and E. W. Zettle were strolling in what is known as Tressler's Gap, they discovered hidden under a rock a lot of cups, saucers, frying pans and tumblers of a very ancient pattern. How and when they came there is a mystery and will doubtless remain so.

The Lord's supper, which was celebrated at the Holy Cross church Sunday, was largely attended.

Misses Mertie and Francis McClellan accompanied by Miss Rae Houtz, of Spring Mills, spent Sunday with the latter's grandmother, Mrs. Jas. Foust.

Messrs. C. A. Barger and E. W. Zettle spent Monday at the Red Mill dam shooting ducks.

Mrs. Robert McClellan and two sons, Carl and Rodney, of Linden Hall, visited friends in this locality a few days.

Aaronsburg.

Thomas Meyer and family, of Coburn, and Mr. and Mrs. George B. Stover, of Millheim, Sunday were to see John C. Stover, whose health is failing, at the home of Geo. Weaver.

Mrs. Henry Crouse has gone to visit her son Fred, at Wilkinsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Gramley attended the funeral of Mrs. Brungart, at Rebersburg, Friday.

C. A. Weaver, of Coburn, spent a few hours among friends in town, Friday.

Miss Elsie Grimes and gentleman were guests at the residence of Warren Winklebiech, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Burd, of Coburn, visited the latter's mother, Mrs Swabb, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Wert, of Tusseyville, were guests of Luther Wert, a few days last week.

Merchant Mensch and family spent the Sabbath with friends at Spring Mills.

Herbert Hosterman and wife, of Woodward, spent the Sabbath with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Mingle.

Rebersburg.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weaver and Miss Flossie Luse, all of Coburn, spent a day this week at the home of Scott Stover.

Curtis Bierly spent a few days with his parents at this place.

Wm. Bair and wife spent Saturday and Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Moyer, at Potters Mills.

Mrs. Wm. Eckert, who had been seriously ill, is now on a fair way to recovery.

Miss Sara Brungart, of Centre Hall, was among relatives here for a few days recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cole are at present visiting relatives at Jersey Shore.

Mrs. Willis Weber is visiting her aged mother, who is ill at her home at Millheim.

Joel Deibler is numbered among the sick.

Calvin Morris paid a short visit to his family in this place, last week. He is employed in the western part of the state.

A reception was held Saturday evening, by Mr and Mrs. Jared Kreamer, in honor of Mrs. Bright, who returned from a few months' stay at Boston.

LINGERING COLD.

Withstood Other Treatment But Quickly Cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"Last winter I caught a very severe cold which lingered for weeks," says J. U quinart, of Zephyr, Ontario. "My cough was very dry and harsh. The local dealer recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and guaranteed it, so I gave it a trial.' One small bottle of it cured me. I believe Chamberlian's Cough Remedy to be the best I have ever used." This remedy is for sale by.

The Star Store, Centre Hall; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

The Black Hole of Calcutta.

A scientist, writing of the black hole of Calcutta and its atmosphere, says:

"On the 20th of June, 1756, about 8 o'clock in the evening, 146 men were forced at the point of the bayonet into a dungeon eighteen feet square. They had been but a few minutes confined in this infernal prison before every one fell into a perspiration so profuse that no idea can be formed of it. This brought on a raging thirst, the most difficult respiration and an outrageous delirium. Such was the horror of their situation that every insult that could be devised against the guard without and all the opprobrious names the viceroy and his officers could be loaded with were repeated to provoke the guard to fire upon them and terminate their sufferings. Before 11 o'clock the same evening one-third of the men were dead, and before 6 next morning only twenty-three came out alive, but most of them in a high putrid fever. All these dreadful effects were occasioned by the want of atmospheric air and by their breathing a superabundant quantity of nitrogen emitted from their lungs."

Sealed Orders.

The custom of having warships sail under sealed orders arose from the desire of maritime powers to prevent the plans from becoming known to the enemy. In the American navy such orders come from the president and are delivered to a commander of a ship or squadron by a confidential messenger who knows nothing of their contents. Sometimes they are in cipher, but they are always sealed with the official seal of the navy department and the package cannot be opened until the time marked on it, which is usually several hours after the hour of leaving port. By this precaution the newspapers are prevented from disclosing prematurely the movements which may be of the greatest importance, and the spies of the enemy are rendered useless so far as their ability to discover the secret of such movements is concerned. Sailing under sealed orders is now the common naval practice in time of war. These instructions are found in the packet of sealed orders, which is opened when well out at sea.

A Runaway River.

The problem and the peril of the Colorado river are not difficult to understand. A great river running slowly on a ridge of its own creating, running in a broad and tortuous channel, choked with islands of mud and bars of sediment, running with a fall of only one foot to the mile, while to the north and west lay a vast depression below sea level and inviting the sluggish river to a swifter flow; between this sunken area and the uncertain course of the river a great garden of Eden in promise and potency, needing only to be watered and kept, then a canal tapping the river, a flood gathering at the far away sources, a breach in the unprotected bank and the whole volume of the river, forsaking its ancient and outgrown bed and rushing into that pit in the desert, sweeping in its course through miles of fertile farms and cutting canyons where canals had been—this is an outline of the situation and a hint of the peril.—A. J. Wells in Sunset Magazine.

The Dean's Raiment.

Dean Stanley was once driving with a friend from Monreale to Palermo. Both men were reading. Stanley suddenly discovered that he was shivering with a cold. He mentioned the matter to his friend.

"Well, hadn't you better put something on?" said the latter, pointing to the dean's bag, which was close at hand.

Stanley thought it rather a good idea, and the friend went on reading. As they entered Palermo there were shouts of astonishment. Stanley was placidly reading. His friend found that the distinguished churchman had absentmindedly drawn out a nightshirt from his bag and put it on over his other clothing and thus arrayed was riding triumphantly into the city.—London Sketch.

The Earth's Shadow.

The earth has a shadow, but very few ever see it, except in eclipses of the moon, or else few recognize it when they see it. Nevertheless, many of us have noticed on fine, cloudless evenings in summer shortly before sunset a rosy pink arc on the horizon opposite the sun, with a bluish gray segment under it. As the sun sinks the arc rises until it attains the zenith and even passes it. This is the shadow of the earth.

Knew His Capacity.

Stranger (to waiter)—Isn't that man named Meier who is paying his bill over there?

Waiter—I don't know. I haven't been long here.

S.—What has he had?

W.—Ten glasses of beer and a bottle of wine.

S.—Oh, yes; it is he then.—Paris Rire.

Two Failures.

"I married for beauty alone," said a presumably happy benedict to an old chum. "And yet you remind me of a friend of mine who married for money," was the rejoinder. "How's that?" "He didn't get it," said the chum sarcastically.

Sarcastic.

His Wife—You have been drinking again. Haven't you, now? Her Husband—M'dear, I cannot tell a lie—His Wife—You can't! Then you are further gone than I thought!—Illustrated Bits.

A pessimist is a man who won't take the one remaining seat in the car for fear a woman will get on at the next corner.—Dallas News.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 per year.

MAKING A NEWSPAPER

Moving Pictures Show Every Step in Production of "The Record."

There has been a general curiosity on the part of the public to know how a modern newspaper is made and to satisfy all, the whole story was recently told at Keith's Philadelphia Theatre, in a remarkable series of life-motion pictures called "The Making of a Modern Newspaper." "The Philadelphia Record" was selected as the model by S. Lubin, who made the series of very realistic pictures.

The series opens with a scene representing a newspaper office over a hundred years ago. This is to give artistic and historical contrast to the great mechanical advance in journalism since that time. It shows the outside of an old Philadelphia printing shop, and the next glimpse is of the inside of the same printery. A journeyman is laboriously pulling impressions with a Blaew, or Washington hand press, while his apprentice is busy among the type, both being dressed in the costume of the period. Next appears Ben Franklin himself. He walks to the window, looks critically at the sheet, and again returns to his office, in a short time putting on his hat and walking out.

The next picture leaps across a century and gives a fine panoramic view of the home of "The Philadelphia Record." In a flash is seen "The Record's" famous Electric Baseball Score Board, with the great crowd watching the progress of an exciting game between the Detroits and the Athletics.

The next picture shows the business offices of "The Philadelphia Record," with the office force and the ordinary routine of business going on. From that point the real tour of "The Philadelphia Record" establishment begins.

The managing editor is shown in consultation with various members of his staff, and all so true to life that the effect is as if they were transacting their business in real flesh and blood before the audience. Next comes the city editor, with his corps of reporters, each one attending to his or her own business, according to the exigencies of the moment. This scene is succeeded by the department of the advertising manager, which shows an array of solicitors receiving their various assignments.

Receiving want and other advertisements by telephone is an interesting sight that follows next. This is a feature of advertising that in recent times has grown to great proportions. Something akin, but broader in its scope, is the succeeding view of the telegraph room, where a skilled corps of operators is busy receiving news from every point of the compass. The messages are directly taken on typewriters, and so realistic is the picture that the spectators can almost fancy they hear the click and rattle of the instruments and the machines.

Next comes a prominent feature of the making of a modern newspaper—the "Drawing of the Daily Cartoon." The spectators see the artist actually at work and are at once impressed with the deftness of his pen and the modesty of his studio. The next step is into the Mechanical Department, the visitor is treated to a close range view of "Setting Up Advertisements" by hand, succeeded by a tour through the linotyping room, where "The Philadelphia Record's" big batteries of linotype machines are shown in active operation. These almost human pieces of mechanism were never exhibited to better advantage. The stereotyping room comes next, with every operation shown in detail, including a complete demonstration of MacConnell's new Eclipse automatic finishing and cooling machine, which in one simple operation does the work of the four machines hitherto deemed necessary for shaving, trimming, cooling and accurately finishing the semi-cylindrical stereotype plates.

The next natural step is a visit to "The Philadelphia Record" press room, and the exhibition is such a fine one that even the dullest admire the magnificent series of views so faithfully portrayed on the screen. The great presses are shown to the fullest advantage from every end and angle, and at every stage of the journey, from the placing of the blank rolls on the spindles to the finished newspapers that may be seen rushing out of the mouths of the presses by the tens of thousands per hour.

One of the busiest departments is the delivery, mailing and shipping room. There the papers are automatically conveyed from the press room by an endless elevator and several hustling groups of men are kept on the jump putting up bundles, wrapping parcels and getting ready for the mail bags individual copies for out of town subscribers. Next is shown "Making the Trains," where the wagon delivery service every morning makes good the boast that "The Philadelphia Record" is always on time.

The final picture shows "The Philadelphia Record" at the breakfast table, and makes a fitting climax to the wonderful series. A typical American family is seen at home. The father, seated beside his wife, is showing "The Record" just received.

There is no better heater made than the Red Cross Oak, straight or down draft. The price is made an object.—J. A. Reeaman.

TIMBER FOR SALE.—The timber on eighty acres of land, consisting of chestnut, pine and other timber. A good place for a stave mill. Situated one mile southeast of Potters Mills. For further information call on or address

J. O. STOVER,
Reedsville, Pa.

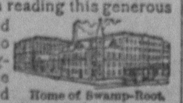
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Don't Read Bad Literature

But read the ads in your home paper & take heed. When you want to buy a rocker, you do not care to know where you can buy the cheapest, but where you can get the best at the lowest price. Your money back if you're not satisfied.

Rearick's

FurnitureStore

Centre Hall, Pa.

SHOES!!

We are now ready to supply your needs in Footwear for school gents and ladies, boys and girls, and for the little ones. There will also be some left for the older ones to make you comfortable and happy.

C. A. Krape

Spring Mills - - - Pa.

Wanted

Lard, Side Meat, Onions, Chickens, Fresh Eggs.

Highest Cash prices paid for same delivered to Creamery.

Howard Creamery Corp.

CENTRE HALL, PA.

A Good Liniment.

When you need a good reliable liniment try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It has no superior for sprains and swellings. A piece of flannel slightly dampened with Pain Balm is superior to a plaster for lame back or pains in the side or chest. It also relieves rheumatic pains and makes sleep and rest possible. For sale by

The Star Store, Centre Hall; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

COURT DECIDED IN HIS FAVOR

Cooper Fought to Retain Formula Which Has Made a Fortune.

L. T. Cooper, the man who believes that 90 per cent. of all ill health of this generation is caused by stomach trouble, is fast winning a national faith in his theory. His claim is now admitted by a surprising number of people throughout the country, and he is gaining new adherents every day.

While speaking of his success in a recent interview, Mr. Cooper said: "I believed ten years ago that any one who could produce a formula that would thoroughly regulate the stomach would have a fortune. When I got hold of this formula I knew within six months that I was right, and that my fortune was made. I called the medicine Cooper's New Discovery, although I did not get up the formula. I have owned it, however, for over three years. I have had one lawsuit over it, which I won in the courts. When it was settled The Cooper Medicine Company became the only firm in the world that can prepare the medicine. The preparation has sold like wildfire wherever introduced. As I have said before, it is successful simply because it puts the stomach in perfect shape, then nature does the rest. There are any number of complaints never before associated with stomach trouble that the medicine has alleviated in thousands of cases."

Among statements obtained recently from users of this medicine that is arousing such universal discussion is one from Mrs. Emma Stanley, living in Chicago, at 713 Washington Boulevard, who said: "Perhaps I had the most complicated case that Mr. Cooper had to deal with. I was troubled for years with my stomach. I consulted with doctors and took many patent medicine preparations without result. My stomach was in such a wretched shape that I could not enjoy a meal that I ate.

"I was very nervous, and could hardly sleep; I had a roaring in my ears and dancing spots before my eyes. I felt very bad and weak. Then there was a very sore spot at the pit of my stomach that nearly set me wild.

"I heard about the Cooper medicine and decided to try it. I used four bottles, and the improvement in my case has been really wonderful. My nerves have been quieted, and I am so much improved that I feel like a new woman.

"I cannot say too much for these wonderful remedies, for they have made me well."

We sell the Cooper medicines and consider them well worth a trial by any one afflicted with chronic stomach trouble and its attendant diseases.—J. D. Murray.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin

THE NEW UNION STATION AT WASHINGTON

All the passenger trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad will enter and depart from the new Union Station at Washington on November 17, 1907, and on the same date the present station at Sixth and B Streets will be closed to traffic.

The date is singularly fitting. In 1807 both wings of the Capitol were completed, and now a century later a building even larger is opened for a great public utility, which did not exist at that time.

The railroad terminal facilities at Washington have been inadequate for years, particularly at inauguration periods and on the assemblage of other large gatherings at the Capitol. Their improvement was imperative and so it has come about that, by the combined effort of the railroads and the United States Government, one of the largest and unquestionably the handsomest railroad station in the world is now provided not only for the convenience of the citizens of the United States, but as a notable architectural addition to the great public buildings of the Capitol City. It is a monumental edifice and a worthy type of the future structures, which will make Washington the municipal beauty spot of the world.

The station including the Concourse is longer than the Capitol and nearly as wide. The waiting room is larger than the hall of the House of Representatives. The concourse, which is the train lobby, is longer than the interior of the Capitol building, if it were one continuous hall, and half as wide. It is the largest building ever constructed for a like purpose.

Within this great structure there is every convenience the traveler can desire, so grouped about the central hall as to serve his purpose to the best advantage.

The lofty arched entrances face a plaza as large as an ordinary city park, which will be laid out as a plaza and adorned with shrubbery and fountains.

The trackage is sufficient for all demands upon it and as the entrance to and exit from the trains are separated, the confusion and jostling of hurrying crowds moving in opposite directions will be obviated.

The bigness of the station is impressive; its utilities obvious.

THE CENTRE HALL SUPPLY CO.

WM. F. COLYER, Manager

WANTED-WANTED-WANTED

You want the highest market prices for your poultry, apples, potatoes, onions, etc., do you not?

We are paying the following prices:

APPLES, per bu.	55 cts.	DUCKS, per lb.	9 cts.
POTATOES "	50 cts.	VEAL CALVES, lb.	6 cts.
ONIONS, "	60 cts.	WALNUTS, per bu.	55 cts.
CHICKENS, per lb.	10 cts.	HICKORY NUTS, bu.	$1.50

CASH PRICES AT CENTRE HALL

DUNLAP THE BARBER.—I am obliged to increase the cost of shaving and haircutting, owing to the increase of general expenses, and consequently on and after the first of January, 1908 the rate will be the uniform price of 10 and 15 cents.

C. L. DUNLAP,
Spring Mills, Pa
t.d.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE—The undersigned offers at private sale the farm known as the James A. Sweetwood farm, in Potter township located one mile east of Centre Hill containing EIGHTY ONE ACRES and one hundred and forty perches. Thereon erected a house and barn. For further information apply to WM. M. GROVE, Agent,
Spring Mills, Pa.
tf.

DR. P. C. FRANK

CENTRE HILL, PA.

VETERINARY SURGEON

Having been granted the privilege to practice the profession of veterinary surgery, in all its branches, by the State Board of Veterinary Examiners, I kindly ask a share of public patronage. All calls will be promptly answered, and charges made reasonable. o.nov.28

Tablets, all sizes, at the Reporter office.

SALE REGISTER.

MARCH 17, Tuesday, ten o'clock, George W. Bradford, Old Fort—Large number of horses and cattle, farm implements, etc.

MARCH 25—John H. Breon, near Centre Hall, farm stock and implements.

MARCH 24, Tuesday, ten o'clock, two miles east of Centre Hall, W. M. Grove; Farm stock and implements and household goods. H. H. Miller, auctioneer.

A Methodist Minister Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"We have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our home for seven years, and it has always proved to be a reliable remedy. We have found that it would do more than the manufacturers claim for it. It is especially good for croup and whooping cough.—Rev. James A. Lewis, Pastor Milaca, Minn., M. E. Church. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is sold by

The Star Store, Centre Hall; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.